OLYMPIC LEADER

VOL. 26 NO. 38 PORT ANGELES, WASHINGTON, FRIDAY, SEPTEMBER 23, 1910 PAGES 1 TO 8

Phelps Dry Goods Co's.

HAIR Just received a complete new outfit of Hein's Hair Inflators. We have the feather weight rolls, short pompadour rolls and puffs. All absolutely sanitary Hair Nets, Combs and Ornaments for all colors of hair. See display in west store window.

New Fall Shirtwaists

We have some beauties, in both silk and wool patterns at very reasonable prices. Call in and look them over.

Hats Do not delay getting your hats AT ONCE while there is a large assortment to choose from, and an expert milliner to take your order and guarantee satisfaction. We have a fine line of school caps for big and little girls.

Underwear

Ask to see our ready to wear hand embroidered corset covers, and elegant line of Munsing umderwear, and silk and wool suits.

Quantities of New Fall Goods Arriving Every Day.

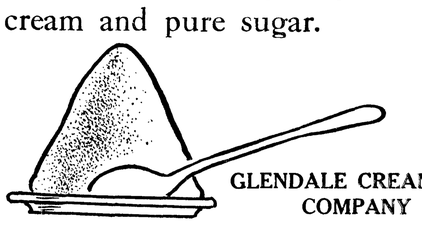
Phelps Dry Goods Co.

ORDER BY PHONE

—Your favorite flavor, too. For lunch, for tea, for supper or for parties and picnics—

GLENDALE ICE CREAM
(Because It's Pure)

Everyone knows how good it is—freshly made every day of pure cream and pure sugar.



GLENDALE CREAMERY COMPANY

Call For It at Fruit Stands

JAMES R. GALLAGHER'S TRANSFER

—: PHONE 24 :—

LIVERY, FEED, SALE STABLES

Lincoln Street Wharf, Port Angeles

Commercial Baggage a Specialty. Cab Service at All Hours.
Piano Moving. Heavy Hauling.

Horses for Sale on Hand Now.

OFFICIAL CANVASS OF PRIMARY VOTE

McCredie Carried the County; Babcock Nominated for Treasurer by Close Margin.

Ths canvass of the votes at the county primaries was completed Monday and the general result is about as given in these columns last week. The only change of consequence is the vote on representative in congress, McCredie's plurality over Warburton being 9.

Poindexter, for U. S. senator, has a plurality of 370, and a majority over all of 178, on the Republican ticket. A. A. Smith carries the county over Bishop by 231. Fisher's plurality is 123. Gallagher's majority is 303. C. L. Babcock wins in the race for county treasurer over F. L. Thompson by 9 votes. W. D. Cook, for assessor, has a plurality of 193. Mrs. McNutt's majority for superintendent of schools is 287. For commissioner in the first district, Mr. Lotzgesell wins by 73. J. C. Hansen in the second district has 144 votes to the good over Ray Haynes. The other candidates on the Republican ticket had no opposition.

The canvass of the vote shows the following results:

Representative in congress, Republican—McCredie, 376; Claypool, 239; Warburton, 367. Democrat, Langhorne, 58.

United States Senator—Republican, Humphries, 80; Freeman, 19; Burke, 277; Wilson, 39; Poindexter, 647; Ashton, 34; Duryee, 4; Pierce, 16. Democrat, Cotterill, 48; Byrnes, 17.

State Senator—Republican, Bishop, 398; Smith, 629. Democrat, D. S. Troy, 67.

Representative—Republican, Fisher, 566; Lawrence, 109; Cochran, 443. Democrat, F. S. Lewis, 7. Socialist, E. Ridenour, 47.

Sheriff—Republican, Gallagher, 778; Davis, 475. Democrat, Jilson White, 8. Socialist, W. H. Race, 47.

Clerk—Republican, Horace White, 967. Democrat, H. White, 1. Socialist, W. Hamilton, 1.

Auditor—Republican, R. D. McLaughlin, 960. Democrat, Hays Evans 4. Socialist, C. T. Dover, 1.

Treasurer—Republican, F.L. Thompson, 529; C. L. Babcock, 538; W. A. Lange, 142. Democrat, A. J. Cosser, 16. Socialist, C. Layman, 5.

Engineer—Democrat, E. A. Fitz-Henry, 84. Socialist, F. Woods, 1.

Attorney—Republican, W. B. Ritchie, 906.

Assessor—Republican, W. D. Cook, 610, D. A. Christopher, 413; Geo. Talbot, 142. Democrat, J. Hallahan, 67. Socialist, C. F. Babcock, 2.

Supt. of Schools—Republican, Ina McNutt, 722; A. Scott, 435. Democrat, Ina McNutt, 5. Socialist, Ina McNutt, 1.

Coroner—Republican, A.D. Wilson, 874.

Commissioner First Dist.—Republican, Frank Lotzgesell, 235; Peter Govan, 162; F. Machenheimer, 39. Democrat, Chris Miller, 2. Socialist, J. M. Ward, 8.

Commissioner Second Dist.—Republican, Ray Haynes, 206; J.C. Hansen, 350. Democrat, C. A. Skavdal, 7; Stephen Land, 31; A. I. Filion, 50. Socialist, H. C. Hanson, 35.

Wreckmaster—Republican, Marion Bell, 9. Democrat, Olaf Johnson, 4. Socialist, F. Woods, 1.

Justices, Constables and Precinct Committeemen named at the recent Republican primaries:

Committee.	Justices.	Constables.
Beaver precinct—		
R. H. Kidd	R. H. Kidd	J.A. Rainey
Bellview—		
A. G. Draper	C. Bennett	
Blyn—		
Jas. Burrowes	F.E. Werner	Jas. Williams
Clallam Bay—		
H. A. Poole	G.W. O'Brien	J.F. Rudisile
Clallam—		
L.G. Wickersham		T. J. Fisher
Dungeness—		
C.W. Thompson	T.C. Alexander	J.J. Allen
Deluca, no nominations.		
Forks—		
	C. D. Sult	Iver Iverson
Gettysburg—		
M. P. Madsen		
Hoko—		
John Hillstrom		
Lost Mountain—		
	J. P. Tiller	
Mora—		
W.L. Ferguson	Max Klahn	Max Klahn
Neah Bay—		
C. W. Miller	W.W. Washburn	Elmer Day
Ozette—		
	C.A. Peterson	
Piedmont—		
H.L. Mitchell	F.E Kalloch	Wm. Chapman
Port Crescent—		
W.S. Miller	A.A. Sutton	Joe Joyce
Quillayute—		
Theo. Klahn	A.V. Wentworth	H. Smith
Rena—		
L. D. Stewart		

Continued on page 8.

EQUAL SUFFRAGE IN ACTUAL PRACTICE

Senator Borah of Idaho on Practical Experience of Broad-minded Western People.

William E. Borah, U. S. Senator from Idaho, in an article on woman suffrage entitled "The Views of a Man Who Lives where Woman Have It," published in the Delineator, gives the practical experience of the broad-minded western people who have given woman the right to a voice in the control of their lives and property. Senator Borah says the truth is to be found in the temperate zone which lies broad and tanquil between the extremes—equal suffrage will not eradicate all the evils of politics, nor will it demoralize the home.

"Idaho extended to her women the right to vote in the early days of her statehood. We do not become at all excited," says the Senator, "over the effect of woman suffrage in our state. But we do declare it to be our deliberate judgment that her presence in politics, armed with the power to enforce her demand, has been substantially for the benefit of politics and of society. Our women have not always been so active in politics as they should be, but it has been observed that when a moral question is up for consideration, the majority vote of the women has been a power upon the right side. It is sometimes argued that women will vote with their brothers or husbands, but I have observed that there comes a time on certain questions when the men vote with the women. We should not be misled by the idea that the American woman will put aside with entire complacency her views and her convictions upon a large class of questions which are coming more and more to be dealt with in politics.

"Women may not always take as active a part as men, but they are nevertheless always a powerful factor. I am speaking from observation extending over a number of years. Those who expect to win at the polls will never take the chance on the woman vote remaining away on that occasion. They will not do something which they feel would incur the opposition of the women on the theory that they will not go to the polls anyway.

"One of the arguments advanced against equal suffrage is that but a small proportion of the women vote in those states where they have been given the right to vote. This, as I have observed the actual practise, is an error. But what shall we say of the thousands of men among the most prosperous citizens of every community who, election after election, fail to vote? It is no unusual thing to find a hundred thousand men absent from the polls in a single state even at a presidential election. Shall we take from the more active, the more patriotic, the right of franchise because the business ridden or politically discontented remain away?

The good women surrounded by all the comforts and culture of prosperous and happy homes may feel a reluctance to enter the arena of politics even to the right of franchise. But the thousands of women who stand alone and depend upon their own efforts in the struggle for existance; who feel the injustice of laws or the cruelty of policies; the thousands of women who must join with their husbands in seeking homes and educating families, these ought not to be deprived of a voice in electing those who are to determine policies and make laws.

"The next startling argument is that woman suffrage would confuse the functions of men and women and would lay heavy burdens of responsibility upon women which men now chivalrously assume. We find no such evil effects flowing from the exercise of the right of fanchise. The functions are not confused—are less confused than already in the business world. The mother is no less a mother, the home no less a home, the husband no less a husband, and even often more a husband. It is absurd, perfectly absurd, to suppose that woman will change her sphere in life by reason of an increased opportunity to enlarge and ennoble that peculiar sphere in which she is by nature placed and from which all the laws and policies of the world will never take her. This is the doctrine that woman has had to meet in every single initiative of her fight for a higher and broader sphere of action. I know—everybody who thinks, knows—that the woman who deals in care and sincerity with those questions which lighten the burdens and adjust the equity of humanity is a nobler, stronger, more womanly woman than the woman who sits in enforced idleness.

"The suggestion that, should women be given the ballot, the less desirable class should avail themselves of this right and the desirable remain aloof, is not sustained in practise or experience. The majority of the women of the state exercise the right of suffrage and it is only on rare occasions that I have heard of the undesirable class voting at all."

DRUM MAJOR DAY THE CENTER OF ATTRACTION

On the Whatcom last evening on the way to Seattle was a large number of excursionists from Port Angeles, given under the auspices of the Booster club of that city. The excursion was accompanied by the Port Angeles brass band and is on its way to visit the livestock show being held in Seattle. There were more than 100 people and each one wore a badge of the Angeles booster club. They wore a neat and tasty uniform, while Elmer Day, the drum major, wore a gorgeous uniform, which surpassed the uniform worn by Napoleon Bonapart when he was at the height of his glory. While the Whatcom was at the dock Drum Major Day was the center of attraction and received many compliments. The Whatcom on her way up the Straits met with a slight accident to her machinery, as her engines would not reverse only slowly and on her arrival in Seattle it will be necessary to have her overhauled, so it is probable another boat will be sent down in her place today. —Port Townsend Leader.

CLALLAM COUNTY'S EXHIBIT AT THE FAIR

Clallam county has a very creditable exhibition in the agricultural building at the Western Washington Fair this week. There are, in fact, but two general exhibits in the big hall that excel the one from this county. North Yakima's exhibit includes a big display of grapes and peaches, two kinds of fruit of which we are a little shy in this county; in the way of apples, too, she shows many varieties, but individually the specimens are not superior to the apples grown in Clallam county. As J. A. Adams of Sequim said, referring to a row of medium-sized apples of a uniform dark red color, "They tell us we can't raise as highly colored apples in our cool climate, but where will you find better than these." The State College, which has the other exhibit larger than Clallam's, is showing one or two specimens of practically every vegetable that grows, making a splendid educational exhibit. But when it comes to individual specimens, particularly of root crops, the soil of Clallam county has that of the experiment station beaten by a mile.

Over 250 Clallam county people attended the Fair on Clallam county day, Wednesday.

M.E. CONFERENCE APPOINTMENTS

The twenty-seventh annual session of the Puget Sound Methodist Episcopal Conference, at Centralia, closed its labors Monday morning after the reading of the appointments. Port Angeles is to lose Rev. H. J. Hartsell and his estimable family; he having been transferred to the Seattle district and sent to St. John. Rev. M. B. Phillips has been assigned to Port Angeles, in charge of both the First and Lincoln Heights churches. Rev. C. N. Golder will take up the work at Sequim.

...THE... Leader Department STORE

FALL GOODS

By the Yard Or Ready to Wear

Are Now in Great Demand.

We have made a big saving on freight by sending them around the Horn to San Francisco, and from there to Port Angeles thereby we are enabled to price them **lower:**

Outing Flannel Gowns For Ladies,
75c, $1.00, $1.25, $1.50 and $1.75

Outing Flannel Gowns For Children 50c & 75c

Ladies Tailored Shirt Waists
Direct from New York and up to date
$1.25, $1.50, $1.75 and $2.00

Ladies Collars, Embroidered and Plain, 25c

Sellers on Sale at 17 1-2c each

Calicoes; a lot of new designs on Sale
at 6½c the yd. Sold everywhere at 7½c and 8c

Boy's $1.25 Sweaters at $1.00

Olympic Leader

WEBSTER PUB. CO.

Port Angeles, - - - Wash.

Minor Happenings of the Week

President Taft was 53 years old last Thursday.

Gov. Shafroth has been renominated by Colorado democrats.

Alvey A. Adee, second assistant secretary of state, Thursday completed 40 years in the government service.

The population of Cleevland, O., is 560,663, an increase of 178,895, or 46.9 per cent, as compared with 381,768 in 1900.

According to a decision by a Montreal court, marriages of Canadians in the United States will not be recognized as valid in Canada.

The Burlington railroad has cut its operating department to the minimum, throwing several hundred workmen and clerks out of employment.

Charles Goodwin has been nominated for governor of Connecticut by the republican state convention. His leading opponent was Everett Lake.

The growth of the poppy, from which opium is manufactured, has been stopped by imperial edict in the provinces of Manchuria, Heilung Chang and Kirin.

The American Agriculturist estimates the total wheat crop of the United States at 670,000,000 bushels, making the winter wheat yield 445,000,000 and spring wheat 225,000,000 bushels.

Angus Tuttle has resigned the presidency of the Boston & Maine railroad and President Mellen, of the New York, New Haven & Hartford railroad, has been elected to fill out Mr. Tuttle's unexpired term.

John F. O'Rourke, president of the O'Rourke Engineering Construction Company, of New York, has made a survey of the battleship Maine to determine the practicability of his plant for raising the wreck.

Birmingham, Ala., dispatch says English and French capitalists are ready to invest $5,000,000 to $15,000,000 in the Birmingham district if they can purchase or lease certain extensive coal and ore lands idle.

The California legislature has passed the two constitutional amendments that provide $10,000,000 for the proposed Panama-Pacific International Exposition at San Francisco in 1915. This brings the total fund available to $17,500,000.

Mayor William J. Gaynor will accept the democratic nomination for governor of New York if it is unconditionally tendered by a united party, is the announcement of one of his close political friends after a visit to the New York executive.

It is stated that as a result of the Lloyd-George taxes in England, English investors are sending more money to Canada for investment than ever before. The revenue commissioners' report in London shows $444,000,000 of London money so invested abroad.

Kasaan, a town on the east side of Prince of Wales island in Southeastern Alaska, was wiped out by fire last week, and the extensive cannery plant of Gorman & Co., of Seattle, together with a large portion of the entire season's pack of salmon, warehouses and other buildings connected with the plant, destroyed.

For the first six months of the current year 820 railroads report gross earnings of $1,338,344,306, an increase of $173,044,812, or 14.85 per cent. In view of a heavy expansion in operating expenses, however, the net earnings were only $33,433,884, or 9.05 per cent. as compared with the corresponding period a year ago.

MAY RECOVER INTEREST ON PAST DUE ACCOUNTS

There has always existed some confusion in Washington about the right of creditors to charge interest on overdue accounts. Some lower courts have held that interest cannot be charged at all. Others have ruled that interest may be charged only from the time suit is started to collect. The supreme court finally settled this question by holding that interest may be charged and collected from the time the account becomes over-due.

Hood River Apple Sale.

Hood River, Ore., Sept. 17.—What is said to be the largest single sale of apples ever made was closed here recently between the Hood River Apple Growers' Union and Steinhardt & Kelly of New York, who bought practically the entire crop of the Hood River valley. The apples sold to the New York dealers will aggregate between 300,000 and 400,000 boxes and the proceeds coming to the orchardists of the Hood River country will amount to nearly $1,000,000.

Kaiser to See Czar.

St. Petersburg, Seut.17.—The Bourse Gazette announces that Emperor William of Germany will visit St. Petersburg in November.

Washington State News Items

Chehalis is to have a $20,000 opera house.

Ground has been broken for the $200,000 Masonic Temple at North Yakima.

The Civic Improvement Club of La Conner held its second annual Dahlia show Monday.

The Wenatchee schools on opening day showed an enrollment of 1,142, an increase of 142 over the enrollment on the opening day last year.

E. E. Potter, for three years general manager of the Seattle Electric Company, has resigned to accept a position in the east with the Stone & Webster Company.

Klaw & Erlanger, of the "theater trust," will build the finest theater on the Coast at Seattle. Contracts were last week closed with the Metropolitan Building Company.

E. F. Westmore, an '00 graduate of the University of Wisconsin, has been nominated for the presidency of Spokane College, Washington, where he has been dean since its inception.

J. R. James of King county, accountant for the state board of control, has resigned, and W. P. Taylor, who has been employed by the highway commission, has been named to fill the vacancy.

The following postoffices in Washington will be advanced to presidential class on October 1 and salaries fixed as follows: Conconully, $1,300; Malden, $1,200; Black Diamond and Washougal, $1,100 each.

About seventy men were arrested by deputies of Sheriff Hodge in a gambling raid at Seattle. Mayor Gill and Police Chief Wappenstein were both out of the city on vacations. The sheriff declared he was merely enforcing the law in their absence.

Papers were mailed to the secretary of state in Olympia yesterday for the incorporation of the International Portland Cement Company, Limited, with a capital of $1,500,000 preferred, and $1,500,000 common stock, which, it is announced, will build an expensive plant in Spokane.

The registration on the opening day at the University of Washington broke all records Monday, when 1,165 prospective students deposited the $5 fee and were assigned to classes. The number registered on the opening day a year ago was 780, and until Monday this was a record at the state institution.

The sixteen parishes in Washington west of the Cascades, heretofore known as the missionary district of Olympia, have been raised to the rank and acquired the full powers of a diocese of the Episcopal church. The ceremony occurred at a convocation at St. Mark's Church, Seattle, last week.

Scottish Rite Masons have begun work on their new temple at Seattle.

The Washington State Grocers' Association voted to have the next annual meeting in Spokane. The following officers were elected: President, A. W. Bower, Spokane; vice president, W. J. Chisholm, Tacoma; secretary, J. J. Higgins, Seattle; treasurer, C. H. Buelow, Tacoma.

CHICAGO NOW FOURTH CITY OF THE WORLD

Washington, Sept. 19.—The population of Chicago is 2,185,283, an increase of 486,708 or 28.7 per cent as compared with 1,698,575 in 1900.

This announcement leaves Chicago ranking in population as the second city of the United States and the fourth in the world.

Chicago has almost doubled its population since 1890, when the figures were 1,099,850. Its greatest growth during that period was between 1890 and 1900 when there was an increase of 54.4 per cent.

New York Grows Faster.

Its increase in population during the last decade was not so great proportionately as that of New York, the rate of increase being 10 per cent less than that scored by the Eastern city. New York is yet ahead of its closest rival by 2,581,550.

Chicago, however, can claim distinction in having jumped from sixth to fourth place among the big cities on the globe. It is following close on the heels of Paris, whose population by its last census in 1901 was 2,714,068. Chicago takes precedence over Tokio and Berlin by close margins. According to the census taken in each of the two cities in 1908, Tokio had 2,085,160 and Berlin 2,040,148.

FIRE LOSS ESTIMATED AT ONE BILLION FEET

Portland, Sept. 17.—Preliminary reports to the forest service here indicate that about one billion feet of standing timber in Oregon and Washington was damaged by the forest fires which prevailed in August. A portion of this timber is wholly destroyed and part only scorched. The latter is capable of utilization if cut within two or three years.

Nicaragua Government Recognized.

Washington, Sept. 17.—The state department has advised Dr. Salvador Castrillo, the Nicaraguan minister, of its satisfaction with the policy that President Estrada has announced his administration will follow, including the request that this government send to Managua a commission to conclude any necessary agreements.

ROOSEVELT DEFENDS NEW CREED

DENIES THAT IN ADVOCATING "NEW NATIONALISM" HE IS TALKING REVOLUTION.

Declares He Only Urges the Application of Some Old Time Moralities to Modern Conditions—Would Reward All Honest Effort and Make Dishonest Effort Too Uncomfortable to Exist.

Oyster Bay, N. Y., Sept. 17.—Theodore Roosevelt said that in declaring his new political creed he was not talking revolution.

in a stanch defense of his doctrine of the "new nationalism," he declared that he was merely urging the application of old moralities to modern conditions. At the same time he replied with spirit to those who have been opposing him and hotly denounced newspapers which, he said, attacked honest public men.

Col. Roosevelt's address was delivered at the Suffolk county fair at Riverhead, L. I. He rode about 120 miles in an automobile to and from Riverhead, and spoke to a great crowd on the fair grounds.

The colonel's exposition of "new nationalism" came at the close of a speech in which he also denounced dishonest corporations, dishonest men of wealth and political bosses. He made no reference to the New York state political situation.

"I have noticed a good deal of comment on my speech on 'new nationalism,'" he declared. "All that new nationalism means is the application of certain old time moralities to the changed conditions of the day.

Wants Government Power.

"I wish to see greater governmental efficiency because we have to deal with a greater business efficiency. Simple laws are all that are necessary in small communities, when there is no big business and each man works for himself. When you get masses of wealth gathered together and great corporations developing, conditions then become so changed that there must be an increase in governmental activity to control the wealth for business efficiency.

"I would not do any wrong to the great corporation, but I don't intend to rely only on the big corporation's good nature to see that the corporation does not do harm against us.

"I want to see such control of the wealth now gathered for business uses as to favor the honest man who uses the wealth genuinely for the service of the public, and to make the dishonest man feel that he has to do what is right; and if he does not feel it we shall see to it that he does.

"That is my whole creed. That is all there is in it. There is no revolution in it. There is no appeal to mob rule. On the contrary, I recognize mob violence as an enemy of the public good just as much as lawless wealth.

Against Poor Man.

"I am against the poor man who is guilty of the crime of lawless violence, and when it is in my power I shall try to punish him for his misdeeds, just as whenever I have the power I will join with those that see to it that the corrupt man of wealth is good—not because he likes it, but because he has to be."

Col. Roosevelt spoke with even more than customary earnestness. His words were received with cheers.

"I now want to speak to you as citizens on the great problems that concern all of us. I think every citizen of a free democracy ought to distruct, above all others, the public man whose deeds do not square with his words.

"That has two sides. It has to do with the politician who makes promises that he does not keep, and it has to do with newspapers that say what they know is not true. Mark Twain said that there are 869 different kinds of lies, but the only one which was authoritatively forbidden was that of bearing false witness against your neighbor. There are one or two metropolitan dailies which would do well to print that at the head of the columns and then try to live up to it. I withhold their names, but omission is easily supplied.

Dishonest Politicians.

"There are two prime difficulties in getting good government. One arises from the dishonest politician. I think the corrupt politician no worse an enemy of the people than the man who lies about the honest public servant. The damage he does is to the public, in so confusing the public by attacking the men who are honest that the people cease to be able to recognize and to war against men who are dishonest. Such a man is of the greatest advantage to the thief.

"The corrupt politician is no worse than that corrupt politician's mainstay, the newspaper which says that which is not true about men in public life. Honesty, truth, courage—you need them just as much in public as in private life."

In concluding his speech he urged greater respect for manual labor. As for rich malefactors, he believed that the railway man who gets rich by gambling in the securities of the road he operates in trust for his stockholders should be punished, and that if it is impossible to punish him under present laws the laws should be changed.

NEW DEPOSITS OF COAL DISCOVERED IN ALASKA.

Seward, Alaska, Sept. 17.—If the claims made here by prospectors returning from the Knik Arm region are true, an immense blanket of solid bituminous coking coal they have just uncovered in that district is even of greater value than the fabulously rich fields of Matanuska.

Alfred H. Brooks, chief of the United States Geological Survey in Alaska, who arrived in Seward Thursday, is deeply interested in the reported discovery, and while here will obtain as much information regarding it as possible, for guidance in ordering a contemplated thorough investigation by members of his staff.

Mr. Brooks has just completed a detailed investigation of the Matanuska fields, to compile an exhaustive report upon which was the object of his long journey from Washington. He is enthusiastic in his statements regarding the vastness of the deposits and their probable value.

REVELLE TO CONTEST PRIMARY COUNT

Seattle, Sept. 19.—With Will E. Humphrey winning the nomination for congress by a slender margin, Thomas P. Revelle, his progressive opponent, will demand a recount.

"I want every vote officially recounted," said Revelle today. "There are so many discrepancies that I want to be sure that every vote counted, either for myself or Humphrey, be passed on officially."

Humphrey wins on the face of the returns. This is the showing of the latest returns compiled for the First congressional district. His margin above the necessary 40 per cent is 1028, so large that it is highly improbable, in the absence of material discrepancies in compiling, that it will be overcome by any later returns, and much more probable that the missing returns will even increase his margin of safety.

The returns given are complete for King county, the additions being the ones made unofficially by clerks in the county auditor's office. The other counties are incomplete, a few small outlying precincts being missing from each, and San Juan county is not included at all, as no compiled returns have been made for that county. It is estimated that not to exceed 500 votes in the entire district are missing from this compilation, and of that 500 it is probable that Humphrey has at least 40 per cent.

Discrepancies between the first choice and the second choice totals, which were wide in the unofficial returns, do not appear to be nearly so wide in the official returns, although material discrepancies still exist. Whether they will be sufficient to justify a contest on the part of Revelle, the defeated candidate, can only be ascertained when they have been officially reported and compiled.

FIRST THROUGH TRAIN ARRIVES AT CHITINA

Cordova, Sept. 19.—The first through train to the new town of Chitina, on the Copper River & Northwestern railroad, arrived there Friday, drawing a long train loaded with building materials and supplies. The epoch also marks the completion of the railroad to the 135th mile, and the most difficult part of the road, with the deep cuts and tunnels. The remaining 65 miles are all graded. The freighter Seward is on the way here from Seattle loaded with steel rails and bridge materials for the Kuskolina bridge. Shipments of ore commence in January. The road also connected with the Fairbanks trail, thus insuring interior Alaska quicker time, travel and mail.

GENERAL ATTACK ON WHITE PASS RATES

While freight rates on ore shipments were the only rates ordered reduced on the White Pass & Yukon railroad by the Canadian railroad commission in a decision handed down recently, the complaint filed by J. H. Conrad, managing director of the Cariboo Mining Company, attacking the existing rates on a score or more of other commodities in addition to ore was taken under advisement by the commission and will be passed upon in the near future, according to a dispatch received from Vancouver.

SUIT FOR DISSOLUTION OF THE SUGAR TRUST

Washington, Sept. 19.—Confirmation of the report that a petition for the dissolution of the American Sugar Refining Company has been completed by government officials has been received here.

It was learned that the present intention at the Department of Justice is to file the suit in New York some time next week. The action will be entirely independent of the criminal proceedings which have attracted wide attention and resulted in a number of convictions.

Indians Advance Rapidly.

Washington, Sept. 17.—Great progress generally is shown by the American Indian toward gaining a footing with the whites in the matter of civilization, according to Assistant Commissioner Abbot, of the bureau of Indian affairs.

NEW PRESIDENTIAL POLICY

PATRONAGE WITHHELD FROM INSURGENTS WILL BE RESTORED.

Secretary Norton Issues Letter Indicating Change—No Interpretation of the DocumentForthcoming from Official Sources—Objection to Term "Insurgent"—President Always "Progressive."

Beverly, Mass., Sept. 17.—Beverly was not a little puzzled as to the exact meaning of the letter made public here in which Secretary Charles D. Norton, reflecting the views of President Taft, announced that the policy of withholding patronage from "progressive" senators and representatives had been abandoned and that it was the purpose of the administration to treat all Republicans alike. The letter was written to an unnamed political leader in Iowa, an insurgent stamping ground.

No interpretation of the document could be obtained from official sources. It was admitted that a variety of interpretations might be placed upon it from the viewpoint of different political observers, but it was insisted that the letter was simply a formal document of a policy that soon would have been discovered in various appointments of postmasters that are about to be made in some of the "progressive" states.

Taft Progressive.

The suggestion that the latter seemed to indicate a turn toward the "progressives" on the part of President Taft was met by a statement that President Taft always has been a "progressive" himself, and that his record for progressive legislation during his first year in office has never been equaled by any other Republican administration.

It was not admitted at the executive offices that recent "progressive" success in states like Iowa, Kansas, California and Wisconsin had influenced the president. Neither was it admitted that results in these states were at all displeasing to him.

President's Test.

Mr. Taft declared last winter that his test of real republicanism was support of the party's national platform. All the progressive states have announced fealty to this platform and the president is said to be more than willing to take the progressive leaders at their word, and he assuredly will give them an opportunity this winter to carry some more of the platform pledges into effect.

The president declares through Mr. Norton that the value of federal patronage has been greatly overestimated, but taken for what it may be worth he does not propose to let it stand any longer as a hindrance to party harmony.

Objects to Insurgency.

Distinct objection is raised at Beverly these days to the terms "insurgent." On the other hand there is a disposition to point out many of Mr. Taft's utterances and acts of the past as evidence of a real progressiveness on his part.

It is also pointed out the president has had to work with the machinery his party gave him. It is intimated that in the speech he is to deliver before the national league of Republican clubs in New York, in October, the president may have something to say of his own progressiveness. This does not mean radicalism or rampant insurgency, it is pointed out, but a recognition of the real progressive movement. Secretary Norton's letter follows:

"Beverly, Mass., Sept. 15, 1910.

"Your letters of the 9th are at hand and I have delayed replying until after the primary elections. The president directs me to express to you and your friend his deep appreciation of the work which you have done and the powerful assistance which you have extended to the administration from the beginning—an assistance that has contributed much to the legislative and other successes which have been secured.

"The president recognizes that your efforts have been wholly disinterested; that you have fought sturdily and generously for what you believed to be his interest and the welfare and success of the party.

Patronage Held Up.

"While Republican legislation pending in congress was opposed by certain Republicans, the president felt it his duty to the party and to the country to withhold federal patronage from certain senators and congressmen who seemed to be in opposition to the administration's efforts to carry out the promises of the party platform. That attitude, however, ended with the primary elections and nominating conventions which have now been held and in which the voters have had an opportunity to declare themselves.

People's Voice Heard.

"The people have spoken as the party faces the fall elections; the question must be settled by Republicans of every shade of opinion, whether the differences of the last session shall be perpetuated or shall be forgotten.

"He recognizes the danger that in certain cases expressions of feeling were so intense as to make it difficult in some instances for factions to come together and work for the party, but as he stated in his letter to the Republican congressional committee, he believes it can be done and should be done. The president is confident that you will yourselves meet your local and state situations in this spirit and that you will write to your friends and ask them to do likewise.

Patronage Exaggerated.

"The president feels that the value of federal patronage has been greatly exaggerated and the refusal to grant it has probably been more useful to the men affected than the appointments would have been.

"In the preliminary skirmishes in certain states, like Wisconsin and Iowa and elsewhere, he was willing, in the interest of what the leaders believed would lead to party success, to make certain discriminations, but the president has concluded that it is his duty now to treat all Republican congressmen and senators alike, without any distinction.

To Follow Rule.

"He will follow the usual rule in Republican congressional districts and states and follow the recommendations made by Republican congressmen and senators of whatever shade of political opinion, only requiring that the men recommended shall be good men, the most competent and the best fitted for the particular office.

"Sincerely yours,
(Signed). "CHARLES D. NORTON,
"Secretary to the President."

MUCH WORK PLANNED FOR TRANSMISSISSIPPI CONGRESS

Kansas City, Mo., Sept. 19.—Many national questions are to be considered at the twenty-first annual session of the transmississippi commercial congress, to be held at San Antonio, Tex., November 22-25, the call for which has been issued by Fred W. Fleming, of Kansas City, chairman of the executive committee.

"The great work of the Western development thus far accomplished," says the call, "is unimportant when compared with its future possibilities for good. Reclaiming unused lands for agriculture both by the drainage and irrigation systems, the improvement of inland waterways, increased comity and trade with Latin America and a national conservation of natural wealth are problems of great magnitude. All agree as to their importance, while differing as to the best method of solution. The commercial congress affords a forum for free discussion of any subject affecting the transmississippi welfare." The call thus sets forth the representation at the congress: Twenty delegates appointed by the governor of each state.

Mayors Appoint Delegates.

The mayor of each city to appoint one delegate and one additional delegate for every five thousand inhabitants, not to exceed ten delegates.

All organizations of business men, one delegate and one additional delegate for every fifty members, with a maximum of ten delegates.

Each county may appoint one delegate through its court of commissioners. Governors of states, senators and representatives in congress and former members of congress are ex-officio members.

EXPERTS TO GO OUT WITH U. S. LAND SURVEYORS.

Washington, Sept. 17. — Railroad companies, particularly those in the far West, will be prevented from obtaining land to which they have no right, by a new policy inaugurated by Commissioner Dennett, commissioner of the general land office.

This policy consists of having a mineral expert accompanying parties engaged in surveying mineral lands within the limits of railroad grants to determine whether the land contains minerals. If they do, the railroads have no title to the land under the law. The new method is made possible under the newly organized system of having the surveys by the government surveyors under the direct supervision of a commissioner of the general land office.

Formerly the surveys were made under contract, which prevented the assignment of mineral experts to the surveying parties. This resulted, it is said, in much mineral land going to the railroads.

WHITMAN COLLEGE TO GO ON CASH BASIS.

Walla Walla, Sept. 17.—By the first of the year Whitman college will be placed on a strictly cash basis, according to announcements made yesterday by the authorities. At present the institution is in debt, but under the new financial regime debts are to be wiped out. To do this some of the lands owned by the institution will be sold and the cash received loaned out. Whitman college owns several thousand acres of farm lands, picked up cheaply ten years ago, and they have doubled and trebled in value since, so the amount received will be large enough to set the college squarely on its feet, it is hoped. Dean A. W. Hendrick, treasurer; Allen Reynolds and J. W. Langdon, as trustees, are now appraising the property.

FRANCHISE NO BAR TO CITY OWNERSHIP

Los Angeles, Cal., Sept. 17.—That a franchise granted to a private corporation is no bar to municipal ownership of any public uility, was the decision rendered by Judge Olin Welborn, of the federal district court, in the case of the Madera Water Company against the city of Madera.

MAY LEAVE FATE TO ASSOCIATES

BALLINGER WITHDRAWAL SAID TO BE UP TO MEMBERS OF CABINET.

First Meeting Will Probably Be Called Upon to Discuss Question of Resigation—Rumor Said He Would Have Resigned Had Committee Vindicated Him.

Washington, Sept. 17.—Whether Richard A. Ballinger's resignation as secretary of the interior will follow immediately on the cabinet meeting September 26, to attend which he is now en route from Seattle; or whether he will retain his position indefinitely—at least until after the delivery to congress of the reports of the committee that investigated his stewardship of the public domain—depends now upon the attitude of his cabinet associates.

May Resign.

Mr. Ballinger is coming to Washington, his friends say, wholly unconscious of any act on his part of which he should be condemned, and has determined to force his chief and his official colleagues to be in effect his judges. If they concur in the view at present attributed to Mr. Taft, that the accused secretary shall be sustained as an innocent and persecuted man, he will retain his position; if they fail to back him up, he will resign. That this is Mr. Ballinger's position was learned here upon authority hardly to be questioned.

Dickinson Absent.

At the first meeting of the cabinet after the summer recess Secretary Dickinson, the Democratic member, will not have returned from the Philippines and will therefore be saved the embarrassment of participation in what is regarded as largely a problem of Republican policy.

The meeting is expected to last three days. It will surprise nobody here if the Ballinger case occupies a large part of the time.

Refuse to Credit Rumors.

Rumors have been constant and decidedly definite here during the last few days that Mr. Ballinger's resignation would be one of the first developments of the cabinet meeting; but his friends, including his associates in the interior department, have refused to believe that he would retire "under fire," and have pointed to his oft repeated declaration to the contrary and to the recent statement attributed to him that he would resign only at the specified request of the president.

Turmoil Bad.

Some of these, however, admitted that they themselves, and the secretary, are alive to the fact that the turmoil and uncertainty into which the protracted controversy has plunged the department must be abated soon unless this important branch of the public service is to become hopelessly demoralized.

Nobody here doubts that a majority—all but one of the Republican members—of the investigating committee will sustain Secretary Ballinger. But Secretary Ballinger and his partisans here were greatly disappointed that the absence of Senators Root and Flint from the Minneapolis meeting left the pro-Ballinger portion of the committee in the minority and permitted the Democrats and the insurgent Republican member to put forth reports condemning him. These reports for many weeks will stand before the country as the only findings of the committee to take final action, which, it is said, has determined Secretary Ballinger's course. It was said here by a close friend of the secretary that the majority of the committee had been ready to report at the Minneapolis meeting, he would then have tendered his resignation to the president and urged its acceptance on the ground that the dissensions to which he has been a party were detrimental to the public interest. When the committee failed at Minneapolis to take action as a whole, and when there was no quorum at the subsequent meeting in Chicago, it became apparent that no decision could be expected for several months.

Position Untenable.

This situation is said to have convinced Mr. Ballinger that his position, in spite of the continued support of the president, has become untenable. Unable, as he sees it, to resign as neither vindicated or condemned by the committee, he has decided, it is said, to demand of his superior and his cabinet associates either vindication or condemnation.

Chippewas Would Sell.

Washington, Sept. 17. — Chippewa Indians will be enriched by $2,800,000 if the offers for the timber on the Chippewa Indian lands in Minnesota are accepted by the government. The sale took place at Cass Lake, Minn., Thursday. The average price per thousand feet offered was $8.40; the highest price being $14.

Castro Accused of Plot.

Teneriffe, Canary Islands, Sept. 19.—A manifesto bearing 1500 signatures and accusing ex-President Castro, of Venezuela, of organizing a plot in the Canaries against the life of the present Venezuelan executive, Juan V. Gomez, is being circulated here.

CHAR PIT PROCESS A SUCCESS IN CHEHALIS

Chehalis, Sept. 17.—Chehalis is just now the center of an interesting experiment in land clearing. Recently through the offices of Secretary Merrell, of the Chehalis Citizens' Club, an arrangement was made with Harry Thompson, of the United States department of agriculture, with headquarters at Seattle, and Prof. H. W. Sparks, farm demonstrator of the State College, to conduct some experiments with the char pit process of burning out stumps on logged-off lands. The work has just been completed at the farm of Henry Dupertuis, near Chehalis.

One hundred fir stumps, from two to four feet in diameter, were kept burning in this test, and an accurate account kept of labor. Stumps were completely destroyed and roots burned out at an average cost of 50 cents per stump.

Most Effective in Clay.

This voluntary work of the Citizens' Club of Chehalis will, it is hoped, prove of great value to Western Washington and Oregon, as it establishes the value of the char pit burning method of clearing logged-off lands. The process works most effectively on clay soil.

The method has two valuable features. First, it can be successfully conducted without the high priced skilled labor required for the blasting powder and donkey engine process. Boys from 14 to 16 years of age can do the work thoroughly. Second, it leaves highly fertilized seed beds for grasses, grains, berries or other fruits, whereas blasting tears holes in the ground and lifts the hardpan to the surface.

Leaves Soil Fertile.

Photographs taken on the farm of Mr. Dupertuis, where he has heretofore used the char pit process, show that wherever a stump was burned out there was invariably a heavier growth of grain or grass than on adjoining ground. Fruit trees planted over such a spot showed an unusual growth as compared with others.

Mr. Thompson's report will be issued later by the United States department of agriculture.

NON-PARTISAN JUDICIARY LEAGUE ISSUES CALL

Seattle, Sept. 19.—The Non-Partisan Judiciary League of the State of Washington has issued a call for a conference to be held in Tacoma September 26 for these purposes:

"First—To take all necessary measures to secure the nomination of non-partisan candidates for the supreme court of the state, selected with sole regard for their knowledge of law and courage to discharge with integrity and impartial justice the duties of that body.

"Second—The inauguration of a movement for repeal of the act of 1909, which took the nomination of supreme court judges from the people and returned it to the convention system. This was accomplished by the agents of special interests laboring in secret with members of a legislature pledged to support the choice through the primary of all state officers."

The call declares that popular faith in the incorruptibility of the supreme court "has been seriously impaired by the present method of their selection and the scandals which are a matter of public record."

The league is headed by the men who conducted Miles Poindexter's successful campaign for the senatorship, but Mr. Poindexter has not indorsed the movement. It is expected that the non-partisans and the Democrats, who will hold their judiciary convention at Tacoma September 27, will unite on a ticket.

Tariff Board to Meet.

Washington, Sept. 17.—The tariff board will meet in Washington Sept. 21 and lay the foundation for the beginning of a thorough investigation of the three most important schedules of the Payne-Aldrich law. It is generally accepted as a fact that another revision of the tariff, to be made schedule by schedule as may be needed, will be one of the subjects discussed at a White House cabinet conference.

Graft Permeates Police.

San Francisco, Sept. 17.—That the local police department is so permeated with graft that it must be completely reorganized is the substance of a communication which was sent by Mayor McCarthy to the police commission. The communication was the official answer to complaints which have been made lately against the department.

Philippine Commerce.

Washington, Sept. 17.—Trade between the United Staes and the Philippine Islands increased 84 per cent during the year's operation of the new tariff law, according to the department of commerce and labor statistics. The new tariff laws provide for the free interchange of merchandise between these islands and the United States.

Caleb Powers Wins.

Barbourville, Ky., Sept. 17.—Returns from the republican congressional primaries in the Eleventh district show the nomination of Caleb Powers of this city, insurgent, over D. C. Edwards, standpatter, by a majority exceeding 4,000 votes. Powers served a term in prison.

Russia and Turkey Allies.

Paris, Sept. 19.—The Temps confirms the report that Turkey and Russia have entered into a military alliance, and says that the convention indicates Turkey's rapproachement with the powers in the triple alliance.

TAFT IS REPORTED READY TO QUIT

SAID NOT TO DESIRE A RENOMINATION FOR THE PRESIDENCY.

New York Times Publishes Remarks Said to Have Been Made to President's Friends—Rumor Not Dignified by Affirmation or Denial From Beverly.

New York, Sept. 16.—President Taft is not thinking of the campaign of 1912 and probably does not desire a second nomination, according to the New York Times. The Times prints a special dispatch in which President Taft is quoted as having said to a friend several weeks ago:

"I am not thinking of 1912. In fact I do not know that I desire a renomination. From the way things are drifting it may be that no republican can be elected, save probably one."

The Times continues: "From an entirely different source, the Times correspondent is informed that President Taft made substantially the same remark to another friend. These statements have been repeated among associates of the president until they are almost common property. For this reason additional weight is given in a dispatch sent out by the United Press yesterday saying that in all probability President Taft will not be a candidate for another term.

"The president has thus far demonstrated little interest in the politics of the future beyond March 4, 1913.

"The cheif idea of the president is to fulfill the party pledges. There has been a studied silence on his part about political topics. It is no secret that he is much discouraged. Roosevelt's course has undoubtedly annoyed him. The triumph of the insurgents in a number of state primaries. the refusal of certain republican conventions to endorse the administration, and the great overturn in Maine, have caused him vexation."

PRESIDENT IGNORES RUMOR ABOUT SELF.

Beverly, Mass., Sept 17.—The publication of a story in certain newspapers, purporting to come from Beverly and announcing that President Taft has decided to step aside as a presidential candidate in 1912 to make way for Col. Theodore Roosevelt, brought many inquiries to the summer capital.

It was decided not to dignify the story, which is reported to be without any foundation whatever, with a statement.

It can be stated that there has been no change in President Taft's attitude toward a second term since he told a number of friends a few months ago that he would accept a second nomination if his party desired it.

ROOSEVELT HAS NOTHING TO SAY ABOUT RUMOR.

New York, Sept. 17.—Colonel Roosevelt yesterday resumed his editorial duties in the office of the Outlook. Suave and affable, the colonel was willing to discuss any question with one exception. He refused to comment on the report that President Taft has declared that he will not be a candidate for re-election in 1912 if Roosevelt decides to try again for the presidency.

"There have been many stories floated concerning what I will and what I will not do, and in all probability there will be many more in the future. There have been many attacks on me, too, and of course there will be more. I do not propose to discuss any of them, past, present or future," Col. Roosevelt said.

ROOT STANDS OUT FOR REGULAR PROCEDURE

Chicago, Sept. 17.—Senator Elihu Root's "judicial temperament" is believed today to be responsible for the failure of the Republican members of the Ballinger investigating committee to publish a report of their findings.

Before the meeting in Chicago Senator Nelson had planned to use a letter from Senator Flint, who is traveling abroad, as his proxy and call for a vote ordering the publishing of a report.

Root protested, declaring that if Flint's proxy were used the anti-Ballinger members of the committee and the public might attack the report as irregular. He announced that he would not countenance a move wherein lay anything upon which the anti-Ballingerites could fasten a charge of irregularity. It was then decided to withhold the report until the committee meets in Washington December 5.

Ask Bids for Railroad.

Victoria, B. C., Sept. 17.—Tenders will be invited soon for the construction of the first section of twenty miles from Victoria of the Canadian Northern railroad's Vancouver island line to Barkley sound.

Spain to Abolish Death Penalty.

Madrid, Sept. 17.—In reopening the cortes, Ruiz Valarino, the minister of justice, announced the early abolition of the death penalty, and said that the civil and military codes would be simplified.

ROOSEVELT AND TAFT IN CONFERENCE AGAIN

On Board President Taft's Train, Albany, N. Y.—Sept. 20.—President Taft and Col. Theodore Roosevelt met yesterday at New Haven, Conn., for the second time since the former president's return from Africa. Col. Roosevelt sought the conference with the president.

It was plain from all that transpired before and after the meeting that the colonel and his close political advisers are not a little worried over the situation in New York state, and came to the president for further evidence of his moral support.

Against Bosses.

This the president was glad to give. He declared his position in the New York state fight had been clear from the very first. He said he sympathized heartily with the fight against "bossism," being waged by the people of the state.

Mr. Taft reiterated the statements he made in his letter to Lloyd C. Griscom, president of the New York county Republican committee, at the time of the Sherman-Roosevelt controversy over the temporary chairmanship.

For Primaries.

Mr. Taft announced to his callers anew what he had said in the Griscom letter—that he favored direct primaries for the nomination of congressmen and state legislators. President Taft is not ready as yet to admit the advisability of doing away with conventions for the nomination of state officers. Mr. Taft understands that both Gov. Hughes and Col. Roosevelt are now practically in accord with his own position, although the governor fought at first for direct primaries for all offices.

Presidency Not Up.

President Taft and Col. Roosevelt did not discuss the question of the presidency in 1812. The president has not been advised as to what Mr. Roosevelt's attitude is toward that campaign. From sources close to the president it was said there was no occasion to discuss the subject.

Mr. Taft's position is this: He is willing to run if nominated. If his friends think there is a good chance for him to be re-elected, Mr. Taft feels that they will see to his nomination. Mr. Taft's political friends say that if the American people want him for a second term, not even Col. Roosevelt can prevent his nomination. If the people do not appear to want him, Mr. Taft will be only too glad to submit to their decision.

AUTOMOBILE MEN MOVE FOR INTERNATIONAL HIGHWAY

For the purpose of promoting the construction of a trunk highway from British Columbia to the republic of Mexico, an association, to be known as the Pacific Highway Association of North America, was organized Monday night at the Arctic club rooms in Seattle by delegates from automobile clubs from Seattle, Portland, Vancouver, B. C., Los Angeles, Victoria and Aberdeen.

In pursuance of this plan the association will promote and encourage the organization of automobile and good roads clubs in every community along the proposed route of the trunk highway.

Judge J. T. Ronald was chosen president of the association and C. O. Ross of Vancouver, was elected treasurer. The office of secretary was left open temporarily and will be filled later by the president.

The temporary organization formed will hold until the first Monday following the 20th day of July, 1911, when a council consisting of delegates from every club affiliated with the association will convene and elect permanent officers.

Bryan Praises Roosevelt.

Lincoln, Neb., Sept. 17.—William J. Bryan's "Commoner" says that while some persons may question the good taste of Roosevelt's refusal to sit at the table with Senator Lorimer, of Illinois, at the recent banquet in Chicago, this phase of the matter probably will be overlooked because of the distinct public service the former president rendered when he emphasized the fact that men profiting publicly by bribery are "unfit for the society of honest men."

Land for Torpedo Station.

Seattle, Sept. 20.—For the purpose of establishing a torpedo station and auxiliary navy yard the national government has already taken steps to acquire a considerable tract of land, approximately 100 acres, at Keyport, at the mouth of Dogfish bay. The site received the approval of Admiral Miller on his recent visit to the Pacific Coast.

Examination Called.

Washington, Sept. 20.—A civil service examination will be held at Seattle October 19 and 20, and at other civil service cities in Washington, for land law clerks in the forest service, at salaries from $900 to $1,600 and for clerkships in land offices at $900.

Congressman Fowler Defeated.

Plainfield, N. J., Sept. 17.—Judge William N. Runyon, of Union County, has been nominated for Congress by the Republicans of the First Congressional District, defeating Charles N. Fowler, a member of the present Congress.

Canada's Wheat Crop Big.

Winnipeg, Man., Sept. 20.—Vice President Whyte, of the Canadian Pacific railway, announces that the wheat crop of Western Canada will approximate 94,700,000 bushels.

PUZZLE FOR POULTRY RAISER

Investigators Hope to Be Able to Increase Laying Capacity of Average Hen.

Can a hen lay 200 eggs a year? Some hens lay more than that. The record of one energetic layer has been 213 eggs in 261 days. But the every-day hen lays only 120 eggs in a year. To augment the milk of the cow signifies merely an increase through breeding of the size and productiveness of the lacteal glands. But no human power has been devised for placing into a hen a larger number of eggs than nature has provided her with. She comes supplied with about 600 eggs. And the problem is to induce her to lay about 400 of these during the first two years of her life. After that it does not matter much, since she is doomed for extinction by that time.

The scientists have discovered that of the two egg receptacles with which every pullet is provided only one is developed, the other being non-productive and useless. The eggs found in the pullet are massed together much like a bunch of grapes. They are mere cells about a sixty-fourth of an inch in diameter Each consists of a tiny spherical mass of protoplasm surrounded by a membrane. In the center of the little cell of the white of the egg is the nucleus which represents the vital principle of the egg and contains a modified protoplasm called chromatin, which is one of the most mysterious and wonderful substances in nature.

The chromatin carries the inherited characteristics of the fowl and is the physical basis of all heredity. It is by the fatigueless study of the beginnings of things that investigators hope to be able to increase the laying capacity of the average hen and thus to add greatly to the human food supplies.

SELECTING GOOD SEED CORN

Care Should Be Taken to Secure Ears Attached to Stalk Three Feet Above Ground.

The first steps toward better seed corn for next year must be taken in the fall by selecting the seed ears from the stalks in the field. The corn should be allowed to mature well on the stalk. By selecting the earliest maturing ears and picking them from the stalk as soon as the husks begin to turn yellow, which is a common practise, earliness is secured at the expense of vitality.

A slight frost will not injure corn if it is well matured and it is better to run the risk of a frost than to pick the ears too early. The latter part of the growing season seems to improve the vitality of the corn greatly.

Care should be taken in picking seed to secure ears which are attached to the stalk about three feet above the ground. Those ears which grow either very high or very low upon the stalk should be rejected as they are undesirable, having characteristics which we do not desire. For the same reason we should avoid selecting ears with very short or long shanks or from deformed stalks.

Go into the field after the husks on the ears have turned yellow and select the well formed ears from good stalks. Put them in sacks or baskets and bring them to the side of the field and husk. It is well to follow definite rows in securing seed corn, otherwise a large number of good ears are missed. After the corn is husked many ears will be found imperfect and should be discarded. Only those ears should be retained for curing for seed that are of good form. Seed corn should be put into the proper place for curing the same day that it is taken from the field.

Among the Bees.

The queen bee is the mother of all bees and one fertilization is sufficient during her entire life of usefulness. Therefore, by simply replacing the queen with a purely mated Italian queen the entire colony will be changed to that race; and if the change is made during the summer months the change will be completed in about three months' time.

Moth worms are practically unknown in apiaries of Italians or their crosses. To get rid of the moths in hives of black bees, remove the black queens and introduce untested Italian queens in their place, and as soon as the bees of the Italian strain begin to hatch they will make "short stay" of the moth worms.

Hot Weather Churning.

The principal difficult in churning in hot weather is in getting the proper temperature. A cool cellar, spring house in connection with a well of cold water will be a wonderful help if one does not have ice. The churning should always be done in the morning before the heat of the day comes on. It must be kept in mind that if butter comes warm, there is little or no overrun, while if it is properly cared for and churned at the right temperature, the churn gain will be about 16 per cent., or one-sixth. From ten per cent. to fifteen per cent. interest in overrun pays one profitable dividends for a few simple precautions.

Dust Preventive.

The department of agriculture has been experimenting at Washington with white waste sulphite, which is produced in the manufacture of paper, as a dust preventive. The material proved to be of little value in single treatments, but the concentrated material became a semi-permanent dust preventive and road binder

THRESH GRAIN FROM SHOCK

Much Better Method Is to Haul It Under Cover and Do the Work on Floor of Barn.

I do not like the idea of threshing grain from the shock, says a writer in the Baltimore American. A much better method for those having barn room is to haul the grain under cover as soon as it is hard and dry, and let it go through the sweat in the straw. Have the barn and contents well insured in a good company. The grain may then be threshed at one's leisure, and both grain and straw secured in the best condition and without loss. If you thresh as drawn from the field the grain must be thoroughly dry and hard, and even then there is danger of the wheat heating if stored in a close granary in a large heap.

The barn doors and windows should be opened, and the wheat turned every two or three days and spread out to get thoroughly dry and hard before being shipped to market. The wheat crop is the money crop of the farm, and is the main reliance on most farms for paying taxes and squaring up the little accounts that have accumulated during the busy season. It has cost money, much labor and thought to grow it, and you should get its full value. In the hurry of inexperienced farmers to get their grain to market before it is in condition to ship by boat or by rail much loss often occurs. This loss is sometimes as much as six cents per bushel. Grain that is heated cannot be sold for grade No. 1 or No. 2. The only remedy for such is to have it cleaned and dried at the elevator—this takes time and money.

A farmer in good standing can borrow from his home bank what money he may need to carry him through, the money may be had on a four-month note at six per cent. Before the note returns the grain can be sold when in the best order for threshing and cleaning. Grain cured in the straw is much easier to thresh and clean, and the straw is in good condition for feeding. It pays handsomely to have the wheat clean and in good merchantable condition—it is easier to sell and a better price can always be had.

MILK COWS REQUIRE WATER

To Properly Digest Food She Eats It Is Better to Let Animal Drink Frequently.

Milk cows need water frequently during hot days, just as a man does best if he drinks a few sups of water, occasionally, before he gets very thirsty, rather than drink great sluices once or twice during the day.

A cow requires water often to properly digest the food she eats, so it is better to give it to her frequently than in large quantities once or twice a day.

If the pasture is provided with a stream of clear water running through it, or a wind mill and well, the cows will of course take care of the water problem to suit themselves, and if you watch them long enough you will see them drinking several times a day.

If there is no stream or wind mill, and the well or spring is not in the pasture, try the following plan of watering them and watch the milk returns and see if the labor involved is not well paid for.

Take a number of half barrels and place them at convenient spots in the pasture, sinking them into the ground six or eight inches, under trees if there is such shade.

If there are no trees then build on the sunny side of each barrel a lean-to shed to make a shade, high enough to permit the cows to come under and drink.

Twice a day fill a barrel or two with water from your well or spring, place them on a sled and fill up the pasture barrels. See that the barrels are kept clean, and do not allow the water to remain in any of them long enough to get stagnant.

This makes extra work, but if you have no running water in your pasture you will find it better to do this than water your cows once or twice a day, possibly at milking time. You will get good returns for the extra work in the increased quantity of milk, and in the contented, placid disposition of your cows.

Planting Perennial Seed.

The best time for planting perennial seeds, such as hollyhocks and the like, is just after the seeds have ripened. They are fresh and full of vitality, and will germinate and produce better plants than when kept for a longer time. Gather these seeds and plant them during the summer, as they ripen, and give the seedlings partial shade and plenty of moisture. By fall they will become strong, young plants, and may be set out in permanent places or held and transplanted the following spring. All seedlings must have a protecting mulch or other covering for the first winter.

Meeting Market Requirements.

We should raise the variety of fruit and especially apples that the buying public wants, not what we like and not what tasted good to us in our childhood days, because most any old apple would fill the bill then. We must confine ourselves to a very few standard varieties, preferably red in color.

New York Apple Crop.

Although the condition of the apple orchards in western New York is reported somewhat improved since the scattering rains and showers in that section, the outlook is not flattering for a larg

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LARGEST CIRCULATION IN CLALLAM COUNTY.

OFFICIAL PAPER

Published Every Friday at Port Angeles by The Webster Publishing Co.

FRIDAY, SEPTEMBER 23, 1910

That staunch and influential Republican newspaper, the Seattle Post-Intelligencer, in its issue on Thursday of last week announced its intention in the future to be independent in politics. "The Post-Intelligencer will not stand pat for a Republican candidate merely because he is a Republican." That has been the trend of progressive newspapers for some time. That has been the policy of the Olympic-Leader since the present management assumed control, and it is some satisfaction to know that its past policy has now, in a way, been indorsed by its big and powerful contemporary in Seattle. The publishers of this newspaper believe that it is worth while to contend for the selection and election of the best men fitted for office, and especially those men who stand for right on all moral and social questions of the day, irrespective of party affiliations, and we propose to continue the policy of supporting this class of men for office even tho some of the smaller fry in the newspaper field bark at our heels for so doing. The Olympic-Leader does not belong to that class of Republican newspapers whose editors periodically announce that "after the primaries are over, the nominees of the Republican ticket will have its undivided support for election." It is always just possible that the Democrats may have nominated the better man, all things considered.

The senior editor of this paper cast his first vote for Abraham Lincoln for president and has voted for every succeeding nominee of that party for president, and for ninety-five per cent of the other nominees of his party; nevertheless, merely because a man classes himself as a Republican and belongs to any particular section of a great state is not sufficient reason why he should be elected to a high office. Neither has his political belief anything to do with his fitness for office.

We owe it to the community in which we live to do everything we can in every way possible that will be to its advantage. Our neighbor's prosperity means a great deal more to us than someone's who lives elsewhere. We should bear this in mind in buying our goods. We can afford to pay our home man a firm price for his wares rather than send our money away, knowing as we do that every dollar our own citizen makes will help in sustaining our schools, churches and public institutions. It pays richly to patronize home industry.

A conference of the Non-Partisan Judiciary League of the state of Washington has been called to meet in Tacoma on Monday, Sept. 26. The prime object of the movement is to secure the nomination of non-partisan candidates for the supreme court of the state.

The State Normal school at Ellensburg has the largest enrollment in the history of the school. "The outlook," says Principal Wilson, "indicates the most successful year in the history of the school both in attendance and interest."

"TROY BELONGS IN SENATE."

From Irondale News.

In the selection of Mr. David S. Troy of Chimacum as candidate for the state senate, this senatorial district will have an opportunity of sending to that important body one of the best known and most representative citizens of this section of the state of Washington. Mr. Troy is personally known to a great part of the residents of this county in particular, and has for years been prominent in many of the most important steps toward betterment of conditions in general. He has been closely associated with the improvements along lines of agriculture and stock raising, and no one man has done more toward bringing this section of the state to its present high standard along these lines than has he. As manager of the Glendale Creamery Company he has been brought in close touch with the rural district and his earlier experience in banking and general business lines has made him known in every part of the country. He has established a clear and enviable record for energetic, honest and straightforward dealing, and his many sterling qualities have given him a wide circle of friends and supporters.

Mr. Troy has been placed in nomination by the Democratic party, and it is on this ticket he will come before the people for election this coming fall. Mr. Troy is not a hide bound or narrow politician, but stands for what is clean, honest and desirable in public legislation. That he is particularly well fitted for the high honor is a fact well known to very voter of this district, and his election will mean an energetic and capable representative for the twenty-fourth district.

One of the next things to interest the people of Angeles will be the city election. Rumors are already ripe that we are to have the usual quota of self-sacrificing public benefactors who are willing to serve the people in an official capacity. The primaries will be held on the same day that the general election occurs in November, which will be somewhat confusing as the voting places will be the same and electors will have to make two ballots. An effort was made to have the date of the city primaries changed but the Attorney General has decided that the law is plain and the date cannot be changed.

Candidates for offices will have until October 5th to file their intentions.

But the saloons seem to have missed the real issue. The saloon in politics is the most menacing thing that we have today. The fact that it is in politics and seems to be there to stay is what the average voter doesn't like. He may vote for prohibition or against it, but whether for or against, he wants the saloon to keep out of political affairs. The saloon is licensed and tolerated, that is all. When it presumes on the toleration to try to elect candidates and dictate laws it is digging a pit for itself. In the recent primary election campaign, for instance, saloons and saloon men were actively fighting for and against certain candidates on the county ticket. It is by such politics' work that saloons court the troubles that have fallen upon them.—Everett Daily Herald.

Some Rare Bargains

Carpet Samples, Ingram and Brussels. Just the thing for rugs, 75c and $1.00

Matting Remnants, regular 30 and 35c quality for 20 and 25 cents.

Until our removal the last of October, we offer a 10 per cent discount on all our Royal Granite Ware, and a quantity of odds and ends in the Ironstone Dishes, it will pay you to look these over,

The remainder of our stock of Fishing Baskets and Rods, we will close out at cost price.

R. D. WILLSON
HARDWARE CO.

THE POST-INTELLIGENCER POLICY.

From Thursday's Post-Intelligencer.

"The Post-Intelligencer from this day forward will be an Independent Republican newspaper, and its columns will be devoted to the moral, the material, the social, the esthetic upbuilding of Seattle, King county and the state of Washington.

Politics will be treated in this newspaper only in so far as it concerns the specific aim and purposes here stated.

The Post-Intelligencer will not stand pat for a Republican candidate merely because he is a Republican.

The stern logic of events has made it plain that the people of today look to a newspaper for broader leadership than the old party organ could afford, and this demand for independence of thought and opinion on the part of newspapers is too insistent, too strong, too just to be ignored.

In politics, as in other things, the manners and the methods of the day change, and we must change with them. Henceforth the Post-Intelligencer's political columns will be given to the advocacy of the meritorious and beneficial reforms demanded by the people, whether they originate in the Republican party or not. Passing whims will be treated as they deserve, but all movements whose object is the improvement of the condition of the people will have hearty support

Candidates for office will be supported by reason of their character and fitness for the positions to which they aspire, and for no other reason.

Much of the beneficial local legislation for Seattle has received its first publicity in the columns of this newspaper. In the future we hope much will be so presented.

National policies, so far as they immediately concern us, will be advocated in accordance with the ascertainable will of our own people, and not because they are supported by the party in power.

The Post-Intelligencer has every reason to be proud of its record and standing in this community, and is confident that its new policy will meet with approbation."

NO POLITICS IN THIS.

A special to the Post-Intelligencer from Dayton, dated Sept. 17, says: Dayton's tax levy for next year will be only 14 mills—1 mill less than it was when the saloons were voted out two years ago—despite the curtailment of an annual revenue of $5,600 from saloon licenses.

This announcement of the ways and means committee of the council today squelches the strongest argument of the "wets," who held that the levy this year would exceed 18 mills. Since the town went "dry" the entire warrant indebtedness of the city has been paid off and many improvements are now under way and are planned for next year.

HAS ANOTHER GUESS COMING.

In commenting upon the candidacy of Miles Poindexter in its issue of February 4th, last, the Tribune-Times said: "About the funniest thing in the politics of Washington state now is Poindexter. Doing the Brutus act daily to the party that sent him to congress, and declaring loudly that he owes nothing to party, he and his friends are at the same time making a noise like they were really expecting the same party to present him with a toga and send him back to a better job. It was doubtless his nerve and no other qualification that got Poindexter his present job." 'Nuf sed.

Let us all pull together. We are all here for the same purpose. Then live and let live. The best way to build up a town is for each and every man to pull together and not strive to rend and tear down. All the residents of a town are partners, not opponents. In all likelihood the more business done by your rival the more you will do. Every merchant who treats his customers honestly and fairly will get his share and the more business that can be secured by united effort, the better it will be for all.

Of all the sins the Olympic-Leader will have to answer for, this is not one of them: Pledging its undivided support to the nominees of a political party prior to the primaries. This paper believes that duty to good citizenship comes before party obligations, but at the same time recognizes the obligation to support such nominees in November as it helped nominate in September.

E. A. Jacobs, the plumber, returned this week from the West End, having been engaged for some time on work for the government at Neah Bay and Waddah Island. He also has a job for Uncle Sam at the light house on the spit. Mr. Jacobs reports more work in his line this season than on any previous season in Angeles.

For Sale—Fine matched driving team, also harness and light wagon. Inquire of W. C. Foodick, 6th and Francis streets, Port Angeles. 2t

ROYAL BAKING POWDER

Absolutely Pure

The only baking powder made from Royal Grape Cream of Tartar

No Alum, No Lime Phosphate

Notice of Tax Levy.

I, N. M. Hawkins, County Auditor of Clallam County, State of Washington, hereby certify that the Board of County Commissioners at a meeting held September 2nd, 1910, adopted the following estimate of expenditures and revenues of said County for the year 1911:

Superior Court		
Judge's salary	$ 648 00	
Court Commissioner	600 00	
Jurors and witnesses	500 00	
		$ 1748 00
County Clerk's office		
Clerk's salary	1200 00	
Deputy	200 00	
Books, stationery etc.	100 00	
		1500 00
County Sheriffs office		
Sheriff's salary	1300 00	
Deputies salaries	150 00	
Office supplies and incidentals	25 00	
		1475 00
County Treasurer's office		
Treasurers salary	1200 00	
Deputies salaries	2460 00	
Office supplies etc.	425 00	
		4085 00
County Auditor's office		
Auditor's salary	1400 00	
Deputies salaries	2940 00	
Office supplies etc	500 00	
		4840 00
County Attorney's office		
Attorneys salary	850 00	
Office supplies etc	500 00	
		1350 00
County Engineer's office		
Engineer's salary	1560 00	
Deputies and instrument men	2400 00	
Labor on surveys	1400 00	
Office supplies and expenses	700 00	
		6060 00
County school superintendent's office		
Superintendent's salary	750 00	
Deputies salaries	150 00	
Traveling expenses	350 00	
Printing, office supplies etc.	435 00	
County Institute	200 00	
Director's meeting	100 00	
		1985 00
County Assessor's office		
Assessor's salary	1200 00	
Deputies salary	1600 00	
Tax rolls and other office supplies	575 00	
		3750 00
Janitor's salary		450 00
Commissioner's salary and expenses		1000 00
Justice Court expenses		150 00
Advertising and printing		600 00
Fuel light and water		200 00
Telephone		180 00
Paupers		800 00
Westphal County Home		
Superintendent's salary	540 00	
Board and care of County poor	900 00	
		1440 00
Prisoner's Board and jail expenses		250 00
County Health Officer		400 00
County Coroner		400 00
		200 00
Horticultural Inspector		
Salaries	500 00	
Expenses and assistance	150 00	
		650 00
Bounty on wild animals		1500 00
Repairs to buildings		200 00
Rebates on taxes		200 00
Board of Equalization		100 00
Indebtedness Fund		
For retiring outstanding warrants		40000 00
General Road fund		
For constructing and maintaining roads and retiring outstanding warrants		11000 00
Bridge Fund		
For building and maintaining bridges and retiring outstanding warrants		15000 00
Funding Boud Interest Fund		
For payment of interest on bonds		5300 00
County School fund		
For general school expenses		17540 00
Soldier's Relief fund		
For relief of indigent soldiers and sailors		260 00
Circulating Library fund		
For maintaining a library		100 00
River improvement fund		
For labor on rivers etc.		1000 00
Game Protection fund		
Game Warden's salary	720 00	
Expenses	200 00	
		920 00
Road and Bridge Dist. Fund, No. 1		
For constructing and maintaining roads and bridges and retiring outstanding warrants		9500 00
Road and Bridge Dist. Fund No. 2		
For constructing and maintaining roads and bridges and retiring outstanding warrants		10000 00
Road and Bridge Dist. Fund No. 3		
For constructing and maintaining roads and bridges and retiring outstanding warrants		14500 00
Road and Bridge Dist. Fund, No. 4		
For constructing and maintaining roads and bridges and retiring outstanding warrants		13500 00
State Funds		45000 00
Total		218358 00

ESTIMATE OF REVENUES

Liquor licenses	2160 00	
Fees from County Officers	4500 00	
Interest on Bank deposits	800 00	
Interest on taxes	3000 00	
Treasurer's tax deeds	100 00	
Bounty refunded	1500 00	
Justice fines	100 00	
State Aid on roads	3000 00	
Hunter's licenses	1000 00	
Olympic Forest reserve	600 00	
		16760 00
Amount to be raised by taxation		201598 00
Total		218358 00

In accordance with the law for such meeting the Board of County Commissions will meet at 2 o'clock P. M. on Monday the 3rd day of October, 1910, for the purpose of making the Tax levy for the year 1910.

N. M. HAWKINS,
Auditor of Clallam Co., Wash.

Harris oil, the best for gasoline engines and automobiles. Toler Supply Co.

OUR SHOES

"Make Long Walks Seem Short."

¶ They make the feet glad because--
¶ They do away with "foot worry"
The STYLES are perfect
Their QUALITIES have been the STANDARD for years

Wearers know the reason "why"

Please call and See our line of Shoes and we will show you comfort in foot-wear and still give you the latest in up-to-date styles and the very best makes. No better goods on the market to select from.

Repair Work a Specialty

J. P. JENSEN Shoe Store "Quality"

Mrs. S. E. Wright
Teacher of Piano
Pupil of Prof. Shortiss, of the Paris Conservatoire
Leschetizky Method Taught
Residence 413 Front St.
Phone L18

Chas. P. Donnell
CIVIL ENGINEER
Sequim, Wash.
Both Phones

ANSCO FILMS

There is a Quality in Pictures made from ANSCO Films that is Fully Appreciated by the Discriminating Photographer.

Our sale of these Superior Films has increased so that we are Buying in Larger Quantities and we give Our Patrons the Benefit of our saving, by Selling ANSCO FILMS, in all Sizes to fit All Cameras at

10 per cent discount

Mail Orders Filled Promptly

For Sale Only At

Fulmer's Studio

This Weather You Need a Good Face Lotion

Our Line of Creams and Lotions are the Purest and Best=TRY THEM!

Mathewson's Drug Store

PHONE 28

Times Clothing Mart

Now is the Time To Get Your Sweaters

The Times Clothing Mart has just received a large consignment of the finest and most up to date sweaters on the coast. Call and examine them. No matter what price you wish to pay. We have them from . . .

75c up

Times Clothing Mart

Who's Your Tailor?

TRADE MARK ALLEGIANCE BY ED V PRICE & CO.

EVER notice how many men get into the wrong suit? That's because they let some clothier, with a limited stock of styles, colors and sizes, talk them into buying it instead of having one made to personal order by

Ed. V. Price & Co.

MERCHANT TAILORS CHICAGO

We can give you the superior workmanship of these famous tailors in your own selection from 500 different Woolens and over two dozen styles at about the price of ready-to-wear clothing. And the clothes will look as if they were made for you alone.

Fashion No. 679
Three-Button Novelty Sack
Soft Roll, Dip Front

CHAS. A. FILION

Representative, next to Glendale Creamery, Port Angeles

Filion Mill and Lumber Co.

Manufacturers of and dealers in Rough and Dressed Lumber, Lath, Shiplap, Rustic Siding, Plain and Fancy Casing, Etc.

The Best Cedar Shingles Made.

Office and Mill on Lincoln Heights.

P.J.WILLIAMS The Old Reliable Jeweler

Watch Repairing a Specialty

CITY NEWS

Iceland Herring, 3 for 25c at Fish Market.

See Baker & Son for your ammunition and rifles.

See Baker and Son for camping supplies of all kinds.

Fresh Grass Seed for fall sowing. Gate City Grocery.

Fresh, Salt, Smoked, and Canned Fish at City Fish Market.

Pure bred Scotch Collie pups for sale. Phone, Brown double 1. 3t

For sale cheap—50 acres at Mt. Pleasant. Apply to L.R. Thompson

For Sale, Fine Sloop, rigged complete, $35. One Columbia Wheel nearly new. Linthicum's.

Comrade Thos. Boland returned Monday from the Boulder hot springs, having spent two months or more at that resort.

Judge J. G. McClinton and Mrs. McClinton are visiting at the homes of their sons in Seattle, going up to the Queen city on Tuesday.

Rev. Stephen Smith was greeted with a large congregation Sunday, preaching a most excellent sermon, the first of a series, on the Lord's Prayer. The singing by the choir was also grand.

Mrs. Jos. Gross leaves today for her home in Chicago, carrying with her pleasaat memories of her visit with friends in Angeles, at the lakes, and at the Dougherty home on the ranch in Eden Valley.

The annual meeting of the Washington State Press Association convened Thursday at Wenatchee in a three days session. Editor A. A. Smith, secretary of the association, accompanied by Mrs. Smith, is in attendance.

Laurena Ester, who is teaching in the Mount Pleasant district, was a home visitor Saturday. Miss Ester says that she has a full school, the twenty-three pupils' seats in the school house being occupied by that number of scho.ars.

Choice Timothy Hay, Chop, Bran, Shorts, Midlings, Scratch Food, Chicken Wheat and Corn. Gate City Grocery.

E. M. Farmer returned to Seattle Friday after spending a few days here in the interest of his clients, the heirs of the late Samuel Nelson.

Among Sunday's up sound passengers were Dr. and Mrs. F. A. Cooke, Mr. and Mrs. Geo. H. Gale. Mrs. Miles Wait, C. H. Shiples. Michael Earles, H. F. Phelps, Judge Lester Still.

Miss Tillie Shank, went up to Seattle Tuesday to take in the fair and the sights of the city. Miss Fowler is filling her place with the Phelps' Dry Goods Co.'s store until her return.

Lloyd MacKechnie went up to Seattle Saturday to attend the State University. He will take a course in mechanical engineering Clarence Gehrke followed on Sunday, accompanied by Tristen Ball.

Miss Rylands, who has been a most welcome guest of her aunt, Mrs. G. M Lauridsen, for the past two months, completed her visit and left on Tuesday's boat for her home in Bridgeport, Conn.

Mr. and Mrs. Finch, Mrs. Dustman, Mrs. P.J. Williams, Mrs. Oscar Morse, Mr. and Mrs. Hooker, Mrs. Black, Burns Thorpe, Letha, Hagel, and Fred Farmer were among the up sound passengers Tuesday.

Mrs. E. E. Fisher and Athlene accompanied Mrs. Sylvester to Seattle Tuesday to take in the fair and see Mrs. Sylvester safely started on her journey home to Chicago, after her pleasant summer in Angeles.

Mrs. Chas. O'Brien, of Los Angeles, Calif., accompanied by her daughter, Margaret, returned to Seattle Tuesday after a pleasant week's visit with her sisters, Mrs. Maurice and Mrs. Frank Fisher and Mrs. Geo. Lotzgazell.

Rev. G. Clement King, district missionary, will hold services in St. Andrews Episcopal church next Sunday, Sept. 25th, both morning and evening. There will be celebration of Holy Communion, at the morning service, 11 o'clock.

Mrs. Phelps' millinery opening on last Saturday was a grand success, as usual. The store was crowded all afternoon, and many beautiful hats were sold and orders taken for others. Miss Allison's work seems to give the best of satisfaction.

Opera house Friday night, Sept. 30. Mr. and Mrs. John Dumont and company in a beautiful production of "Faust". All special scenery and electrical effects. Come and see the devil cheated out of his bargain. Reserved seats on sale Monday, Sept. 26, at Mathewson's Drug Store.

Married, Saturday night, at the residence of Miss Annette Trumbull, this city, Mrs. Lydia Duncan to Mr. Frank Drake. Rev. Stephen Smith officiated. Both are well known residents of Sequim, where they will make their future home. The Olympic-Leader joins in best wishes for their continued prosperity and happiness.

Everything in Vegetables at City Fish Market.

Frank Wingo was a visitor Friday from Dungeness.

Ed. and John Brant were up sound visitors Saturday.

Mrs. T. S. Lewis went up to Seattle Monday.

Get your baby buggy tire put on at Baker & Son's.

Salted Alaska Herring, 8c per pound, at Fish Market.

New shipment Norway mackeral 2 for 25c. City Fish Market.

Chas. Case was granted a divorce on Friday last from Mrs. Case.

John Dumont was a Seattle visitor this week, returning yesterday.

Bert Wagner was an up sound passenger on Saturday's Whatcom.

The best of everything in the grocery line. Gate City Grocery.

J. W. Haines made a trip to Centralia this week to visit his son Floyd.

You can buy choice Iowa Creamery Butter—2 lbs. for 75 cts. Gate City Grocery.

Ira Finch and wife have taken up their residence in the Ahlvers house on Eighth street.

Mrs. Tom Bayton and little son accompanied Tom to Seattle Tuesday to take in the fair.

Manager W. K. Clark of the Glendale creameries was a business visitor to headquarters at Chimacum Sunday, returning Tuesday.

Mrs. T. T. Aldwell went to Seattle today for a few days visit with her mother and sister.

The Parlimentary Club begins its year's work with the first meeting on Saturday, Oct. 1st.

Ralph Davis, brother of Merton Davis, is the new clerk in the F. A. Stiles grocery store.

If you want coffee with ("another cup please") flavor. You can get it at the Gate City Grocery.

Mr. Maxfield, of Quillayute, son of the deputy assessor, went to Pullman last week to attend the college.

Wm. Norris of Dry Creek left Saturday for Asota, Wash., where he will remain for the present at least.

Mr. Fish is opening a bakery in the building recently occupied by the W. C. T. U. as a reading room.

Mr. Baker of Tacoma is a guest of Charlie Filion this week. The young men were classmates at Pullman.

Mrs. McGillivray and Mrs. Brophy came in from the lakes Tuesday, after a very pleasant week's outing.

Mrs. Gross has been spending the week with Mrs. John Dougherty and her daughter, Mrs. Garfield Davis, at Eden Valley.

Mr. and Mrs. W. S. Caldwell are are guests of the E. A. FitzHenry home, coming down on the Bellingham Thursday.

Mrs. Wm. Gould returned Sunday from a visit at Tacoma with her daughters and at Chimacum with her brother, Ed Nailor.

Miss Ella Johnson, visiting with the Antone Smith family and other old friends in Angeles, returned to her home in Seattle Tuesday.

Mr. and Mrs. John Hansen were among Tuesday's passengers on a business trip to Seattle and to see the fair; they expect to return Friday.

The Saturday Reading Club will hold its first meeting of the year, Saturday, October first, at the home of the President, Mrs. R. D. Willson.

The members of the T. D. C. club will hold a business meeting at the home of Mrs. Al. Jensen Friday of this week, to reorganize for the winter.

A. R. Pringle has brought the Old A. E. Cox place, corner Cherry and Sixth streets, and is having the house remodeled and put in first class conditions.

Mr. and Mrs. Glines, who have been guests of Mr. and Mrs. T. T. Aldwell for the past month, left on Wednesday to return to their home in Winnipeg.

F. F. Fish will open a Home Bakery in the Dodge building, opposite the post office, Monday, Sept. 26th. Will also have lunch tables. Coffee and cake, 10c.

Among the Tuesday passengers to take in the fair were noticed Mr. and Mrs. Geo. Lotzgesell and two sons, Mrs. Elmer Day and Marion, Lottie Nichols.

We have the best and latest thing in parlor heaters—the new Radium combination wood and coal burner. Call in and have a look at them. Christopherson and Leland.

Juanita Glenn and Hazel Hopkins entertained a number of young ladies last Friday evening in honor of Ruth and Lorena Fulmer, who leave for Pullman College today.

A very pleasant surprise was given Margaret Porter on last Saturday evening by a number of her girl and boy friends. Games of various kinds and a fine luncheon helped to entertain the young people.

$10.00 Reward

Will be paid to any one bringing to us a list of groceries, taken from any catalogue of any mail order house in this country that we cannot make a better price on, using the same quality of goods. The reason we offer this is, in one of our recent adds we showed that we could save you money by buying from us instead of from a mail order house. Several people remarked that the list was chosen, now we will let you choose the items, using such goods that are staple and necessary, and if we cannot save anyone in this city money on the list, we will cheerfully pay the above price. We will publish the result.

E. W. Merrill & Co.

MERRILL---SMITH

Married, Sunday, Sept. 18th, 1910, at the home of the bride's parents, Mr. and Mrs. Antone Smith, Miss Annie Smith to Mr. Earnest W. Merrill. Both these young people are well and favorably known in the community and have the best wishes of a host of friends for their future happiness and prosperity. Mr. Merrill is one of the most successful business men in the city, being at the head of the Merrill & Co.'s Wholesale and Retail Grocery and Meat Market, which firm has built up an immense business. Miss Smith has been his proficient book keeper for the past two years, and has won many friends by her kind and obliging manner, who will be glad to know that she will still retain her position. They have gone right to housekeeping in their cosy cottage on 2nd street, which Mr. Merrill has recently had remodeled and painted, making it a very convenient and attractive little home. The Olympic Leader extends congratulations and best wishes.

FOR SALE.

One bay mare 6 years old, wears a 21 collar. For sale at my farm near Royal, Wash. O. H. Boe.

Fresh Eastern Oysters, 75c per quart, City Fish Market.

The Northwestern General Hospital at Irondale is one of the most modern and best equipped institutions of its kind in the entire Northwest. It is a handsome four story brick structure occupying the most sightly location in Irondale, commanding a beautiful view of Port Townsend Bay, the Olympic and Cascade mountains. It contains wards, single private rooms, and two and three rooms with private bath. Acute and chronic medical and surgical cases accepted for treatment.

When in want of anything in the fresh or salt meat line, just drop into James Fitzgerald's shop, the Bell building on Front street. Our motto is, the best of meats and courteous treatment to the wants of customers

A GRAND

Masquerade Ball

Will be given by the

MARINE BAND

On Saturday Evening

October 15th

At the Opera House

...THE...

PORT ANGELES GROCERY CO.

FLOUR, FEED and GROCERIES

Oat and Alfalfa Hay

We have the Exclusive Sale—

Of Ideal Flour. the best that can be made from the best Blue Stem Wheat

Of the Famous Chase & Sanborn Teas and Coffees

Of the Waldorf brand of Canned Goods. the best Eastern Product

If You Want Quality Try These Goods

F. A. STILES, Proprietor.

Models from Paris

THE gown at the left is of etamine voile. The skirt is plaited and finished at the bottom with two plaited flounces headed by a band of embroidery, which also forms straps extending up onto the skirt.

The corsage is also plaited and is mounted to a plain yoke bordered with bands and straps of the embroidery. The sleeves are made and trimmed to correspond, the cuffs and guimpe are of embroidered batiste.

The girdle is of leather or ribbon fastened in front with a buckle.

The other gown is of gray blue tulle and cashmere. The skirt is of tulle, gathered at the top and bottom and finished with a deep, plain flounce of the cashmere, from which extends upward and onto the corsage a band of the same ornamented with fagoting.

The corsage, which also forms sleeve caps, is of embroidered tulle with wide girdle of liberty ribbon to match. The yoke is of tucked white tulle and lace bordered with a plaiting of the white tulle.

The sleeves are of the plain blue tulle, with turnover cuffs of the same; the under cuffs are of white tulle and lace like the yoke.

VARIETY IN VANITY BOXES

Some in Parasol Handles, Others in the Heads of Hat Pins, and All Are Pretty.

Ingenuity lavishes itself upon the vanity box which woman has come to regard a necessity. Every season sees it in new and more cleverly devised forms.

The newest development are the parasol top and the hatpin vanity box. At the top of the metal handle of the parasol a circular lid opens and discloses powder puff and box, and a mirror set into the cover.

The immense hatpins in vogue suggested the possibility of accommodating powder box and mirror. Many of the big ball heads or the highly arched disk heads carry these little toilet necessaries.

Locket powder boxes come in all sizes from little ones an inch and a half long to those measuring three inches. They are worn like an ordinary locket on chain about the neck, or dangle from bracelets or from this year's fad—the ring chatelaine.

The Rose Muff.

The well-dressed women of Paris and Vienna have come to the conclusion that it is no longer necessary to wear gloves in the summer months. They have discovered that gloves, whether kid, silk, suede, twill or Danish leather are not only uncomfortable in the hot season, but are prejudicial to health. So in June, July, August and September the hands must be left quite gloveless, not even mitts being fashionable.

The no gloves idea has been welcomed by votaries of tennis, golf, croquet and rowing. To cover the hands while at these sports has been a great mistake, they argue.

While gloves are discarded it is not intended that the hands of the woman in a ballroom or a theater shall be exposed. They are to be placed in a more agreeable prison in the form of a rose muff.

The rose muff is made of wire so fashioned that flowers, more particularly roses, can be inserted. It is almost as long and as broad as the ordinary winter muff. The roses placed in it remain fresh for six hours. The introduction of this portable rosary has been voted a success. Several were seen at fashionable race meetings at Auteuil and Longchamps and attracted admiration.

Naturally the rose muff is not altogether cheap, but it is pretty.

Dressy Toilette.

For dressy affairs there is a modish toilette of Alice blue chiffon cloth over silk, the former trimmed with a knee-deep band of black satin. The girdle and sleeve bands are also of satin. Small covered buttons and simulated buttonholes of silk braid trim front of skirt on each side, and there is a design of braid and buttons outlining the square yoke of bodice. The yoke and stock are white tucked chiffon, as are the lower parts of the sleeves.

IN WHITE SPOTTED MUSLIN

Pretty Blouse That May Match the Skirt or Be Made Up in Any Colored Material.

Our model is in white spotted muslin to match the skirt, but other colored or white muslin might be made up in the same way. The deep round yoke is of piece lace, to which the muslin is set in three rows of gauging,

a wide box-plait trimmed with buttons being taken down center from yoke to waist. The sleeves are gauged in lower part to form puffs.

Fancy straw hat, trimmed with feathers.

Material required: Two and one-half yards 30 inches wide, five-eighths yard lace 18 inches wide.

Round Frill at Neck.

The flat, round plaited frill has usurped the place of the round, flat lace collar. It is not becoming, as a rule, but that makes no difference to the votaries of fashion. This frill is made of very sheer material laid in flat plaints which spring out about an inch from the edge. This edge is nearly always finished with lace.

The collar is intended to be worn with a slightly low neck or white blouse in the same way that the Peter Pan and Dutch collars have been applied.

The small frill goes straight around the neckband and fastens with a large cabochon, from which hang uneven tabs of black velvet or satin ribbon.

Few girls can wear this even round line at the neck, for the human face requires a dip at the front of the neck no matter how it is obtained. Therefore if a girl wants to be fashionable and wear one of these frilled collars and look well in it she should dip it down to show her neck.

RESCUE CHAINED BOY

CHICAGO HUMANE OFFICERS FIND CASE OF CRUELTY.

Parents Claim Boy Is Bad and Needed Punishment, While Neighbors Say He Has Long Been Ill-Treated.

Chicago.—The door of a little back room in an Orleans street flat was forced by humane officers, a heavy dog chain cut, and a trembling, emaciated boy of six years released and taken into an adjoining room, where he blinked at the sunshine he had not seen for twenty-four hours.

If the story the boy sobbed out to his rescuers is true he is the victim of the most unnatural cruelties ever practised by parents on a defenseless child.

Immediately after the story was completed Hugo Lang and his wife, Bertha, were locked in cells on complaint of Charles H. Brayne, an officer of the Illinois Humane society, who declares that they calmly confessed they were responsible for the child's condition. Their only justification, Mr. Brayne said, was that little Hugo was "a very bad boy" and needed punishment.

An anonymous complaint from somebody living near the Lang flat at 871 Orleans street caused Officer Brayne to visit the place. When he entered the flat he was met by Lang, who is a fireman. When the investigator asked to see the child Lang asked him to wait until the boy could be "prepared."

But Mr. Brayne wasn't to be satisfied so easily. He forced his way past the father and into the darkened room, where he could hear slight movements. He felt his way around the wall until he reached a chain, to which, he discovered a moment later, the child was fastened, dog fashion.

When he found the chain was being removed Hugo cowered against the floor, according to the humane officer, as though in fear of some fresh cruelty. Then he was led into the other room, where he blinked and drew one arm across his eyes to shut out the light.

The boy's hair was matted with clots of blood, there were cuts on his face and neck and his leg was swollen from contact with the chain.

"Lang admitted that he and his wife had been 'punishing' Hugo and said that the child had stolen a revolver from a drawer in their room, and they were endeavoring to force him to confess it," said Mr. Brayne. "Neighbors say that this has been going on for three years.

"The spirit of the boy has been so broken that he is more like a whipped dog than a human being. He crawls to his parents on all fours when they call him and has spent much of his life sobbing in a dark room where they have kept him."

KILL FLY OR HE'LL KILL YOU

A Prominent St. Louis Doctor Declares That the Pest Spreads Tuberculosis.

St. Louis, Mo.—Doctor Frances L. Bishop is a stanch advocate of the fight on flies to prevent the spread of tuberculosis.

"Kill that fly or he may kill you!" is the slogan.

"Why? Because he puts his nose or his feet into all sorts of things and brings samples to you.

"He rests on garbage pails or walks through spots of expectoration on the sidewalks, and settles on every little heap of street cleaning and then comes to dine with you, your guest, though uninvited. He shakes his death-laden feet into your jam or wipes them on your watermelon. The tracks he leaves are germ-laden tracks of tuberculous or typhoid fever.

"You may not see them; they may not be labeled 'Germs Made in Germany,' but they are there, just the same, ready to attend strictly to business and open up right on your premises a new case of tuberculosis.

"Fly paper and screens are cheaper than doctors' or undertakers' bills, and you will never be able to convict that fly that did the mischief and get damages from him. So kill that fly."

MOSQUITOES AS BAD AS BEES

Sting a Farmer's Team of Horses Till They Roll Over, Then Figure in Runaway.

Selinsgrove, Pa.—Mosquitoes have became so abundant in Snyder county as to interfere with farmers in their busy season. While Zack Goodman was cultivating corn along the Susquehanna river low lands, in Monroe township, he was surrounded by millions of the buzzing insects, which attacks with unrelenting determination both the farmer and his horses. The mosquitoes bit the horses so repeatedly that the animals lay down in the field and rolled; then, becoming tangled in the harness, ran away, followed by Goodman.

Hobble Skirt Hurts Woman.

Newport, R. I.—Mrs. E. Van Culsen of New York, while alighting from her electric runabout in front of the Casino, tripped and fell to the pavement, bruising her hands and face and cutting her lips slightly. Her foot caught on the step in some manner, and as she was wearing at the time a linen dress, the skirt of which was almost the extreme of the "hobble" mode, she was unable to save herself, but fell prone upon the pavement.

ACUTENESS OF CATTLE BUYER

He Can Estimate Number of Head In Herd of Four or Five Hundred—Also Detect Sickness.

Herders on Texas cattle ranches become so expert their scrutiny of cattle that in buying them on the hoof they often rely for enumeration upon a glance at the herd as they ride past. Their passing estimate practically never varies more than two or three from the actual number in the herds of from 50 to 100 and in much larger herds of from 200 to 500 their estimates will preserve the same proportion of accuracy.

In some cases this ability to estimate is carried to a higher degree of accuracy even for very large herds. In the early 70s, before the days of weighing scales and railroads, cattle buyers in the southwest would buy cattle at so much a hundredweight from their owners. This estimate of weight was based on what the cattle would weigh after they had been driven 200, 300 or 400 miles to the Kansas City market. Nevertheless, the error would only amount to a few pounds, but enough to affect their profits.

Charles Goodnight of Goodnight, Tex., and owner of the famous buffalo herd bearing his name, told some extraordinary things about a negro he knew. When the round-up time came they would place this negro in an advantageous position and drive past him the herds belonging to different men. All these cattle except the calves had their owners' brands. Later, when these calves, after having been mixed up in the corral, were taken out to be branded, he could tell which brand to put on each from having noted at the time to which cow each belonged.

This astonishing acuteness is even more clearly demonstrated in their detection of diseased or defective animals in herds which they are inspecting for purchase. In this discrimination they equally rely upon a rapid visual sweep of the cattle while grazing, the inspector merely riding through the herd.

These statements the narrator was at pains to substantiate by corroborative testimony from friends on the spot actively associated with the business of cattle raising.

Diet for Girl Athletes.

Students in Wellesley college who go in for athletics next year must submit to severe dieting. This is a departure for college girl athletics, for hitherto not much attention has been paid to the subject of eating. Agnes Roche, newly elected president of Wellesley's Athletic association, and Miss Homans, physical director of the college, have decided to lay out a rigorous course of dieting for the members of the crew, the basketball and track teams. The members of the team will be required to go to bed at a certain hour, take not more than nine hours' sleep and to eat the plainest of foods. Nuts and ice cream will not longer be regarded as fruit and will be tabooed from the table of the girl athletes. This advance in training will keep pace with other growth in the athletic department of the college. There will be a baseball diamond, a cricket field and perhaps a football field. The hope is to encourage all these games among the students.

Gems Found in Old Paper.

Harvey Struble, employed in the paper mills at Whippany, N. J., has found the third diamond within the last six months. A local jeweler said it was worth $80.

Struble handles the scrap that comes into the plant to be made into paper. One of the diamonds is worth over $200 and the other $150.

Coins frequently are found in the scrap, and pennies are common. The men put the small coins into a fund to buy tobacco.

Some time ago the Salvation Army sent a lot of paper to the mill which had been donated to it in bulk. The donor concluded that a package of uncut diamonds was in the lot, but they never came to light.

Science and Statues.

Goodyear's discoveries in vulcanization of rubbers not only have almost made a new world of comforts and conveniences, but opened vast new golden mines, greater than of the Rand or famed Tarapaca, of wealth to be measured only by terms of millions, if not billions. A rubber supply grows as it is used, but gold and oil can suffer no increase over old earth's deposits. All this comes from the mind of science, but it looks to me like a cold day and a good many years before we Yanks give Goodyear a statue. Science does not care much for statues, anyhow.—New York Press.

Criticises Her Sex.

Mrs. Newell Dwight Hillis, wife of the minister, says in an article in the Outlook, that American women are not a success as home-makers. The American woman has been reared upon a false conception, she thinks. Has been set upon a pedestal and worshiped and has come to believe that she is a superior sort of being. She questions whether the talkative, self-assertive American girl is as well fitted for the work of the world as the English and German girls.

Suburbanites.

"So you live in the suburbs, too? How do you get to the city?"

"I have an automobile. How do you?"

"I go by a surer way; I take the trolley."—Judge.

MODES of The MOMENT

Trouville-Deauville.

THE season here has opened very brilliantly. Already all the most important villas at Trouville and Deauville are occupied, and well-known faces are to be seen at every hour of the day on the sea front annd in the casinos.

People have very often wondered at the continued success of Trouville as a fashionable seaside resort. They have said, and with reason, that it is not a specially pretty place; that there is little or no shade to be found there in the hot August weather, and that though the famous "planches" make a most desirable walk on a fine summer morning, this fact does not account for the favor that is extended by our most exclusive Parisiennes to the exotic little north coast watering place, writes Mme. de Villiers in the Boston Globe.

The fact is that Trouville is, and has long been, the fashion. And when that is said—all is said. Other places may be much more attractive from many points of view, but the Parisiennes, and the fashionable society women of England and America, elect to spend the first three weeks of each August at Trouville-Deauville, and nothing can make them do otherwise.

I have remarked more than once in these pages, that at Trouville white costumes almost always reign supreme. There is something about the air of this particular watering place which demands white or very pale-tinted costumes, for morning wear at any rate. Of course it is true that a great many colored tussah and shantung suits are to be seen on the sea front, but taking the matter as a whole it may be said that pure white costumes have it all their own way.

Morning Walk in Order.

This season fashion, and the beauty doctors, have decided that a very early walk on the sea front must be taken by our society women. Indeed, even in Paris it is becoming more and more the fashion to take exceedingly early walks in the Bois de Boulogne. The beauty doctor of today turns his attention specially to health, and he insists that there is nothing better for the health, and especially for the complexion, than a quick walk in the keen, fresh air of early morning. Some of the ultra-fashionable Parisiennes are just now making a point of being out on the sea front as early as 6 in the morning, and it is quite amusing to see how determined they are to take the required number of turns on the plank walk which reaches from the long piers to the big hotel at the far end of the place.

Up and down, six, eight or ten times! Then a glass of hot milk at an open-air restaurant, then again a couple of turns and home to the petit dejeuner and the rest cure. And then again at 11 o'clock the sea front is crowded with exquisitely dressed women, the sands are crowded with bathers and with critics who take delight in looking on, and the brilliant little rue de Paris is crowded with shoppers.

Suits of White Shantung.

I think the most successful suits of the present season are those made of pure white shantung, the material of a fine quality and sufficiently heavy to hang well in a plain coat and skirt. There is something very cool and summerlike about shantung. It is more suitable for tailored costumes than tussah, and in pure white it is eminently attractive.

I saw this morning, on the planches, an ideal little suit of this order. It was worn by the Comtesse Pieri, who is very fair and most graceful of figure. The skirt was, of course, short—all the skirts of the present day are short except those expressly intended for evening wear—and there was a plain hem, about 10 inches deep, into which the supple material was slightly gathered. The smart little coat, which was of medium length, was semi-tight, and it had an immense sailor collar which was thickly covered with white soutache braiding. There were deep gantlet cuffs turned back on the three-quarter length sleeves, and these cuffs were also covered with braiding. In front the coat was held together by loops of white silk soutache and flat buttons of mother-of-pearl set in rims of silver. With this dainty little costume a shirt waist of the finest batiste was worn. It was entirely hand made and the tucks down the fronts were rather wide and were hemstitched. Attached to the front of the waist, at the left side, and falling over the coat, was an immense pleated frill of batiste inset with valenciennes. At the top, at the shoulder, this frill must have been 10 inches wide, and then it tapered away to nothing at the waist. It was very full and very finely plaited and the valenciennes insertions were of the finest quality and of the old yellow shade.

Fashion's Latest Fad.

These side frills are the latest fad in the world of fashion. They are not really new, as we had something very like them with us last season, but they seem new because of their extraordinary size at the top. They are eminently smart and make the simplest tailored suit look up-to-date and attractive.

Another excellent suit seen on the planches this morning was of navy blue shantung. In this case the skirt was short and quite plain; it could not have measured more than two yards around the extreme hem. The coat was neither long nor short, and was closely molded to the figure, with large revers of flowered foulard, ivory flowers on a navy ground. A loose tie of black silk appeared under the collar and revers, and the ends were knotted in front and allowed to fall over the dress. With this suit a flat Tuscan hat was worn, which had the high crown completely surrounded by poppies and corn and the brim lined with black taffetas.

These Tuscan hats, flat in the brim and rather high in the crown, are very fashionable this season. They are infinitely becoming when lined with black or navy blue taffetas and when trimmed with large bows of taffetas or velvet, or with a quantity of vivid flowers.

The inclination of the moment is to lower the crowns of the hats and at the same time to widen the brims.

Whether this fashion will survive the fall is a moot point. It does not often happen that exaggeratedly large brimmed hats continue in fashion in the winter as they are inconvenient in many ways, especially in

A beautiful robe worn by Princes Guy de Faucigny-Lucinge, of blac pompadour silk over black satin, with tablier of Venetian lace.

Paris, where the winds of heaven blow unceasingly and with great vigor. But for the fall the wide-brimmed hat, with the rather low crown, will continue the rage, and it certainly is picturesque and attractive. This style of hat looks particularly well when worn with race dresses of crepe de chine or soft silk muslin. It belongs entirely to the picture order.

Elbow Sleeves and Low Neck.

At Trouville the elbow sleeve is ubiquitous—and the low neck. Every second woman appears in sleeves which barely reach the elbow, and in many cases, in the afternoon, the dresses are cut so low at the neck that they seem like evening frocks, put on by mistake.

It takes a little time to get used to this decollete style, in the day time, but when once the eyes have grown accustomed to the unexpected outline one realizes that the low neck presents many attractions. Of course everything depends on just how it is arranged. Only a woman of very beautiful skin, and of very refined taste, can adopt such a remarkable fashion as this with advantage.

I have indicated one of the newest styles of low necks on the sketch which shows a dress worn by Princess Guy de Faucigny-Lucinge. It is a casino gown and was worn at a charity concert given the other afternoon. The long tunic was of pompadour silk, worn over a princess robe of black satin, and the curiously fashioned tablier was of splendid old venetian lace. On the corsage there was a most original arrangement of black satin, which rested on the skin at the neck. This style would inevitably prove very trying to any but a pretty and elegant woman and I need hardly point out that this idea of permitting the plain black satin to rest on the skin would need to be adopted with great care. Nevertheless the effect in this case was wholly admirable and the gown had a great success.

Women's Winter Boots.

Black Russia and dull calf are prominent among materials for street boots, with a strong and steady interest in patent leather in combination with cloth, suede or kid topping for dress boots.

Heels 1¾ and 1⅞ inches high, used with short forepart models.

Toes round, for the west; a longer toe, with French suggestion, for the east.

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You need not hesitate about using this new Hair Vigor from any fear of its changing the color of your hair. The new Ayer's Hair Vigor prevents premature grayness, but does not change the color of the hair even to the slightest degree.

—Made by the J. C. Ayer Co., Lowell, Mass.—

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"I have been using Cascarets for Insomnia, with which I have been afflicted for twenty years, and I can say that Cascarets have given me more relief than any other remedy I have ever tried. I shall certainly recommend them to my friends as being all that they are represented."

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W. L. DOUGLAS, Brockton, Mass.

Weighed In.

Picking up a sharp knife from the meat stand the customer extends it to the butcher with the remark:

"I haven't any use for it, but you may cut it off, and I'll take it along, anyhow."

"Cut what out?" gasps the astonished butcher.

"Your hand. You weighed it with the roast, you know, and I want all I pay for."—Life.

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Other sashes, windows and doors in proportion.

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EDWIN J. BROWN, D.D.S.
713 First Avenue Seattle, Wash.

Read my article in Sunday's P.-I. and Monday's Times and Star.

S N U No. 39—1910

WHEN writing to advertisers please mention this paper.

MENTALLY UNBALANCED.

"Why was Doctor Gruet expelled from the medical society?"

"For unprofessional conduct."

"What did he do?"

"It was what he didn't do. He neglected an opportunity to perform an operation on a rich patient."

Art Leads Language and Science.

The fact is that art is working far ahead of language as well as of science, realizing for us, by all manner of suggestions and exaggerations, effects for which as yet we have no name; nay, for which we may never perhaps have a direct name, for the reason that these effects do not enter very largely into the necessities of life. Hence alone is that suspicion of vagueness that often hangs about the purpose of a romance; it is clear enough to us in thought; but we are not used to consider anything clear until we are able to formulate it in words, and analytical language has not been sufficiently shaped to that end. . . . It is not that there is anything blurred or indefinite in the impression left with us, it is just because the impression is so very definite after its own kind, that we find it hard to fit it exactly with the expressions of our philosophical speech.—Robert Louis Stevenson.

In Line.

"Have you taken any steps to demonstrate that women are fitted for modern controversy?"

"Yes, indeed," replied Mrs. Votington; "we have already named a number of eligibles to a Sapphira club."

Natural Propensity.

"Billy Bangs is such a nice, breezy sort of fellow."

"Yes; I suppose that is why he finds it so easy to raise the wind."

His Mistake.

"What have you got there?"

"A statement of my bank account and real estate holdings."

"What are you doing with them?"

"Going to send them to my doctor. He told my wife that I couldn't stand an operation for appendicitis, and I want to show him that he is wrong."

TRY MURINE EYE REMEDY
For Red, Weak, Weary, Watery Eyes and GRANULATED EYELIDS
Murine Doesn't Smart—Soothes Eye Pain

Possible Explanation.

Singleton—Flatleigh has been wearing a smile that won't come off ever since his wife's mother came to live with him.

Wedderly—Huh! The old lady must have money.

She Hadn't Noticed.

Isabelle (congratulating Elizabeth on her engagement to Clarence)—Oh, oh, oh, I'm so glad! And how did he propose, dear?

Elizabeth—I really don't know, Belle; I was so anxious to do my part that I didn't notice what he was doing.

Sympathetic.

"A man was telling Puffer this morning how he lived on ten cents a day."

"What did Puffer do?"

"He was so affected he went out and spent twice as much as he usually does for lunch."

The Yarmouth and Lowestoft herring season has yielded 800,000,000 herrings, which sold for $5,000,000.

ASSIST YOUR WEAK STOMACH

Oftentimes the stomach needs some assistance in its great work of digestion and assimilation and an occasional dose of Hostetter's Stomach Bitters will give that assistance better than anthanything else you might take. Its merit has been proven thousands of times in cases of Poor Appetite, Headache, Indigestion, Dyspepsia, Costiveness and Malarial Disorders. Be persuaded to try a bottle today. Refuse substitutes.

Much Ado About Mary

By TEMPLE BAILEY

(Copyright, 1910, by Associated Literary Press.)

The whole family was in a ferment about Mary. They took sides, headed by father and mother. In father's camp were the boys, while the girls supported mother.

Mary was the youngest child in a family of seven. She had just come home from college and her future was before her. Father and the boys wished to have her go abroad, mother and the girls held out for society.

"She needs quieting down," Ethelinda said. "I saw her yesterday romping on the tennis court with that tow-headed youngster from the hotel."

Mason, Jr., matched her with the statement, "That's why she ought to go abroad, to get rid of that tow-head. Mary is a beauty and she ought to do the family credit when she marries."

"When she marries?" said a voice from the door.

There was a chorus of "ohs" as they all turned to look at her. She wore a white linen suit and a scarlet coat. Her fair hair was tied with a black ribbon and a little three-cornered hat was set jauntily on her head.

"Who's going to get married?" she asked as she came forward.

They began to talk of other things hurriedly. It would never do for Mary to know they were discussing her. But in spite of themselves the conversation drifted back gradually to the original topic.

"When you go abroad——" her father began and stopped.

Mary looked at him, startled. "Am I going abroad?" she demanded.

Before her father could answer, her mother interposed, "I don't like the

"When Who Marries?"

idea of your traveling now. Wouldn't you rather stay here and see something of society?"

Mary shook her head. "I don't like society," she said.

Father and the boys smiled. "Then you will go abroad?" they demanded breathlessly.

A cloud came over Mary's countenance. "I don't want to do anything," she said, "but stay right here and have a good time."

The family exchanged glances. That was exactly what they did not want Mary to do. The tow-headed young man from the hotel was entirely too much in evidence. And they had ambitions for Mary.

"It seems such a pity," mother said when Mary had gone off with father and the boys, "that Mary has no worldly wiseness. She might marry anybody."

Ethelinda and the other sisters, who were not beautiful, and whose matrimonial chances were limited, nodded eager assent. They were all fond of Mary and they all wanted her to do well. What was the use of having a beauty in the family if she did not live up to her social opportunities?

Meantime, Mary was again playing tennis with the tow-headed young man. She liked him very much. He had kind eyes and a pleasant manner. Mary was not sure whether she loved him, but she thought it would not be hard to do so. Anyhow, she did not want to go abroad or into society, for it seemed to her that these things might separate her from the tow-headed young man. She was sure that he was poor, for he dressed very simply and never talked of having things. Mary's own family always talked of having things. They made the most of their little income. Mary often wished that there were more lamb chops and less silver plate. She had a healthy appetite which demanded plenty of bread and butter and less formal service.

Therefore, she was pleased, when after an exciting game, the tow-headed young man suggested that they take tea at an adjacent inn. Tea at that inn always meant plenty of French pastries, and Mary had a little girl's love for sweets.

While they drank their tea, the tow-headed young man asked Mary to marry him and Mary said "Yes." He had such kind eyes and such a pleasant manner she said to herself again, but she knew that was not the only reason she cared. Some deeper instinct told her that she had found her mate.

That night she told her family that she was going to marry the tow-headed young man. They stared at her in dismay.

"But you are going abroad," said father; and the boys echoed, "You are going abroad."

"I want you to see something of society," mother wailed, and the girls chorused, "Society" after her. The final decision was no! Mary, in tears, said she would marry no other man. Father and the boys and mother and the girls agreed that either going abroad or going into society would cure Mary.

At last Mary, very white and still, said, "I love him. You want me to marry a rich man. But I shall be unhappy. Do you want me to be unhappy?"

They looked at her, the beloved of all their hearth. And suddenly father melted. He held out his arms to Mary, and she ran to him and hid her face against his shoulder. Then mother gave in, and after mother, the boys and the girls.

"She shall marry whom she pleases," they said, as Mary sobbed. Wasn't Mary the youngest of the family, and hadn't they always let her have her own way?

A little later their reward came. The tow-headed young man called and was received none too cordially. They wanted Mary to be happy, but the tow-headed young man had not fulfilled their ambitions.

When he had stated his love for Mary he gave a general invitation: "Why can't all of you come over and spend the summer with me?" he asked.

"Spend—where?" they asked in a bewildered chorus.

It developed that the young man had a country place in England; he had a chateau in France, a castle in Spain and a cottage at Newport. In other words, the young man was very rich. He had automobiles and an airship, and Mary took all this as a matter of course.

"Isn't he lovely?" she asked the family when he had gone.

"Lovely!" they said, and looked at each other. Then they laughed and hugged Mary.

HAUGHTY HOTEL WAITERS

It Is Not Easy to Get Even With Those Who Are Arrogant and Offensive.

Some hotel waiters long since graduated from the sphere of usefulness to one of arrogant haughtiness. There are only two ways of getting even with such a waiter.

The best way is to carry a club in the right hand, concealed behind the back. Enter the dining room with as much sang froid as may be assumed without exciting suspicion. When the waiter approaches with a look of scorn and contempt on his face give him a John Arthur Johnson punch with the club.

Such a course is likely to produce more or less of a sensation in well-regulated dining rooms, and some may hesitate to adopt it on that account, though they may rest assured that it would meet with the approbation of all other patrons of the place. The only alternative, if you feel that you must even up the score, is to leave the hotel and never return to it.

Usually it is the head waiter who becomes afflicted with arrogance. He meets you just inside the swinging door and at one swift glance places his estimate upon you.

"Cheap skate," he says to himself. "Look at that necktie, will you, and the way he combs his hair! I'll give him to Clarence."

Being given to Clarence is the depth of degradation. The table presided over by Clarence is in a dark corner and Clarence spends most of his time in the kitchen with the chef and his assistants. At the table with you sits a man wearing a rubber collar and another with uncombed hair, both of them eating beefsteak and onions. When you give your order Clarence looks at you with withering scorn.

Wouldn't it have been a great pleasure to have seen a double row of such waiters standing upon the mat at Reno on July 4?—Richard S. Graves, Oklahoma News.

Canceled His Debt.

Jim McCleary was an old Park row newspaper derelict who hadn't had a job in years. He depended on the largess of friends of better days, his most liberal patron being a prominent writer whom Jim had "broken in" as a cub at police headquarters. Never a week went by that he didn't help "slip" Jim quarters, halves and dollars, with no expectation of ever being paid back.

Suddenly Jim disappeared from Park row. He was missing for nearly a year when his old patron walked in on him in a Broadway cafe. Jim was dressed up like a Wall street mining promoter and was "opening wine."

"Why, hello, Bill! How are you?" exclaimed Jim, and, too astonished to refuse, Bill joined him in a drink. As they were about to part Jim gave his friend another cordial handclasp and Bill felt something pressed into his palm.

"What's this for, Jim?" he asked, opening his hand and seeing it was money.

"Bill, that's that dollar I've owed you for so long," said Jim. "I've never forgotten it, and now I'm glad it's off my mind."

Korean Tobacco Production.

Korea produces about 1,350,000 worth of tobacco each year by primitive methods which the Japanese are expected to improv

CALIFORNIA'S WINE CISTERN

This Huge Tank Is the Largest in the World, Carved From Solid Rock.

One of the show places of northern California is the Italian-Swiss colony's immense dry wine vineyard and winery at Asti in Sonoma county, which is also famous as being the section where Luther Burbank, the plant wizard, has conducted most of his wonderful experiments with flowers and fruits.

At Asti is the largest wine tank in the world. This great cistern is virtually a huge subterranean lake of wine, carved from the solid rock and lined with a two foot thickness of Portland cement, with a glazed surface. The upper sides and roof are of reinforced concrete topped by a unique center dome built of rough rocks. This mighty tank contains enough ruby vintage for a whole nation to toast its heroes with and is just 10 times as large as the great tun at Heidelberg.

To be precise, the Asti cistern is 84 feet long, 34 feet wide and 25 feet high, and its contents would provide a glass each to 16,000,000 people. An idea of its great size may be gained from the fact that when it was first emptied a hundred couples joined in a gay ball within it, to the music of a large military band.

The cistern was built to conserve the wine until an opportune time arrived for selling it, and to make large blends and maintain from year to year the same type and character. In this tremendous underground concrete receptacle the ruddy vintage, hermetically enclosed and safe from outside influences, mellows and ripens.

Mothers will find Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup the best remedy to use for their children during the teething period.

Not So Bad.

Mrs. Myles—You wasn't at the bridge party yesterday?

Mrs Styles—No; I was detained by sickness at home.

Mrs. Myles—So sorry! I hope your dear little dog Fido wasn't sick?

Mrs. Styles—Oh no; only one of the children!—Yonkers Statesman.

Red, Weak, Weary, Watery Eyes. Relieved By Murine Eye Remedy. Try Murine For Your Eye Troubles. You Will Like Murine. It Soothes. 50c at Your Druggists. Write For Eye Books. Free. Murine Eye Remedy Co., Chicago.

How Thackeray Worked.

If ecarte is to be held responsible for Thackeray's appearance as an author, his erratic methods of work contributed equally to his early death. He wrote invariably with the printer's devil in attendance.

"I can conceive nothing more harassing in the literary way," wrote Motley to his wife in 1858, "than Thackeray's way of living from hand to mouth. I mean in regard to the way he furnishes food to the printer's devil. Here he is just finishing the number that must appear in a few days. Of course, whether ill or well, stupid or fertile, he must produce the same amount of fun, pathos or sentiment. His gun must be regularly loaded and discharged at command. I should think it would wear his life out."

Motley's fears were realized within a few years.

Quick as Wink.

If your eyes ache with a smarting, burning sensation and dizziness, use PETTIT'S EYE SALVE. All druggists or Howard Bros., Buffalo, N. Y.

Points for Church-Goers.

A clergyman was smoking a cigar under an oak.

"My congregation coughed this morning," he said, "I could hardly make myself heard. It was most annoying."

"Well," said the physician, "the next time they cough, tell them to press the upper lip just beneath the nose. Pressing the nerves in that quarter will stop the most obstinate cough, and, by the same token, it will stop a sneeze too.

"I'll tell you how to stop the hiccoughs. You press hard on the cheek, right in front of the ear. Those nerves there control the hiccoughs as money controls politics. You need only press—the nerves will do the rest."

USE ALLEN'S FOOT-TABS.

Antiseptic Tablets. Instantly relieve smarting, swelling, sweating of the feet. Healing to sore spots. The curative properties of Allen's Foot-Ease (the antiseptic powder) are medicinally combined in Allen's Foot-Tabs for the Foot-Bath. Positive relief for hot, sweating, sore feet and quickly remove the odor of perspiration. "Foot-Tabs for Foot-Tabs." All Druggists, 25c. Sample FREE. Allen S. Olmsted, Le Roy, N. Y.

Contrary Sex.

Jack—Miss Calloway is engaged to be married.

Hazel—How do you know?

Jack—She says she isn't.

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We want any person who suffers with biliousness, constipation, indigestion or any liver or blood ailment, to try our Paw-Paw Liver Pills. We guarantee they will purify the blood and put the liver and stomach in to a healthful condition and will positively cure biliousness and constipation, or we will refund your money.

MUNYON'S HOMOEOPATHIC HOME REMEDY CO., Phila., Pa.

HOWARD E. BURTON. Assayer and Chemist, Leadville, Colorado. Specimen Prices: Gold, Silver, Lead, $1.00; Gold, Silver, 75c; Gold, 60c; Zinc or Copper, $1. Cyanide Tests. Mailing Envelopes and full price list sent on application. Control and Umpire work solicited. References: Carbonate National Bank.

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Get our prices on building material prepaid to your station.

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Value of Being Sociable.

To simply live alone, with no provision for the gratification of the social instincts, is apt to prove too severe a strain upon the reserve forces of even the happiest marriage. There is some excuse outside the home wherein no thought is given to social pleasure, while the wife is apt to grow petty and personal, and so less attractive as she shuts herself away from intercourse with others, says Woman's Life. This dropping out is very easy, but even when prosperity comes, and large social functions are possible, it is too late to gain that most valuable possession, friendship, which is entirely independent of financial success. To have and to hold a place in the social life of the world is not only the right but the duty of the young wife who desires to have a home in its truest and best senses.

KEISTER'S
Ladies' Tailoring College
Miss L. A. BEAN, Proprietor
1501 Fourteenth Ave., Seattle, Wn.

SCHOOLS AND COLLEGES

Seattle Business College

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Boarding and Day School for Boys.

This school has been entirely renovated, so that the sanitary and comfortable position for boys is unexcelled.

Elementary instruction and full business course given. Conducted by the Brothers of Our Lady of Loudres. Write for prospectus or apply to

Brother Superior of College.

Holy Names Academy
And Normal Scho o

Capitol Hill, Seattle.

Fall term begins Sept. 5th. Important that pupils be ready to start on opening day.

For particulars address,
THE SISTER SUPERIOR.
Visitors are always welcome.

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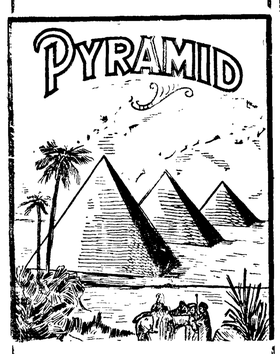
ELASTIC HOSIERY
Abdominal Supporters, Stockings for Varicose Veins, etc., made to order. Expert Fitters. Measurement blanks sent on request.
REID BROS., 315 Arcade Building.

IRON AND WIRE WORKS.
Iron and wire fences; window guards; coal, gravel and sand screens; fire escapes, etc., etc.
PACIFIC ORNAMENTAL IRON WKS., 809 Roy St., Seattle.

E. E. HOPKINS

GROCERY CO

Phone 33



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Chas. Brandt, Prop.

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FRUITS - CONFECTIONERY AND ICE CREAM PARLOR

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STATE COLLEGE INSTITUTES

The Great Northern btter farming train visited Mt. Vernon last week. The farming demonstration equipment and lectures for the present tour over the lines of the Great Northern in Western Washington is sent out from the State College and Experiment Station at Pullman, and Western Washington sub-station of the state agricultural institution at Puyallup, says the Mt Vernon Argus.

The leading features of the Great Northern demonstration through the northwestern part of the state are poultry raising, dairying, orcharding, and the production of livestock, especially hogs in connection with dairying. In his lectures upon the latter subject, Mr. Ashby, assistant superintendent of farmer's institutes, in charge, stated that by feeding skimmed milk to hogs in connection with clover, peas, alfalfa and small grains such as barley, dairymen in many parts of the country were realizing a value in pork of 75c for every hundred pounds of skimmed milk fed. He said that a quality of bacon unexcelled in excellence could be produced in this way, and that upon practically this feed parts of Canada are now producting the finest bacon of the market. He said that the packing houses of the Pacific Northwest that supplie the home trade for meat stuffs were sending millions of dollars every year to the Middle Western states for livestock, particularly hogs; that farmers of Washington could market fifty times as many hogs as they now do if they would avail themselves of their opportunities in this respect.

Mr. Blanchard, superintendent of the Puyallup station, and an expert in poultry, in his poultry lectures advocated the use of muslin curtain fronts for poultry houses, citing the fact that all experiment stations of the United States, and of the world, have discarded glass, and that the most successful poultry producers of the country were using muslin instead of glass, since ventilation was secured in this way, as well as light. To keep the birds free from diseases and in laying condition he advocated the use of houses free from all draughts but with good ventilation, and a good variety of feed, such as wheat, oats, grit, shell, bone meal, bran and meat scraps or milk, and green stuff the year around, such as alfalfa, clovers, kale, mangels, or lettuce. To keep down such vermin as lice and mites he said to paint the under side of the roosts with carbolinium, to whitewash the interior building, putting a small amount of carbolic acid in the whitewash, and to furnish a good dust bath for the fowls, dusting the fowls with insect powder applied with an ordinary insect powder "can" he said would kill the mites and lice. The powder he said should be blown among the feathers.

FRUIT CANNERY AT QUILCENE

"The Quilcene Packing Company's new fruit cannery made its first run last week," says the Port Townsend Leader. "The first output was of prunes, and other fruits will be handled in season. The cannery is something new and it will take a season or two before it will have a supply of fruit to keep it in operation during the fruit canning season. Farmers throughout Jefferson county have given little attention to raising fruit, beyond the amount for family use, but the starting of the cannery will cause an interest in that industry as the farmer will now have a market handy and they can realize a fair price for the products of their orchards, consequently they will devote more time and attention to fruit raising. The soil and climate of Jefferson county is suitable for fruit raising and that business will net handsome returns to those who engage in it."

What has become of the proposed cannery here in Angeles? There is nothing that succeeds like success, and the people of Angeles cannot engage in an enterprise that would give larger returns for the money invested than in a fruit and vegetable cannery right here in Angeles. Enough fruit goes to waste every year within the corporate limits of the city to keep a cannery busy during a large part of the season. With a good market for the fruit, such as a cannery would make, it would be but a short time until there would be plenty of fruit, such as blackberries, loganberries, raspberries and strawberries to keep the cannery running the entire season. Will some one please get busy and revive the cannery factory proposition.

FOR SALE

Several Residences at all prices, all cheap, some close in and 1,000 a. of wild land.

See G. M. Rouse, 6th & Chambers

SEQUIM

Drs. Mead and Butler will be in Sequim Oct. 3, 4, 5, and 6.

Opera house at Sequim Saturday night, Oct. 1, Mr. and Mrs. John Dumont and Company in a beautiful production on "Faust". All special scenery and electrical effects. Beautiful costumes. Seats on sale Monday at Sequim Trading Co.'s store.

The good people of Sequim will be pleased to learn that Rev. C. N. Goulder who has been on the sick list for the past year has sufficiently recovered to again resume his ministerial duties, and that he has been assigned by the Centralia conference, to the Methodist church at Sequim.

THE CANDIDATES

Sequim—
J. B. Knapman Frank Balch Geo. Hannum
Shuwah—
Louis Klahn C. Maxfield E. S. Gaydeski
VanKuren—
Jas. Elves
Weaver—
Adam Reis Willis Chambers
Port Angeles—
C. W. Fields
First ward—Wm. Ritchie, committeeman,
C. R. Jones, Justice of the Peace.
Second ward—C. D. Allan, committeeman
Third ward—J. M. Gillespie, "
Fourth ward—Robt. Treby, "
Fifth ward—B. T. Smith, "
Sixth ward—J. E. Cochran, "

The fishermen who used open boats in trolling for salmon after they entered the Straits made larger catches than those who used gasoline launches, according to the report from Neah Bay. It is claimed that this year after the salmon passed inside they kept close to shore and the gasoline boats did not dare to fish too close on account of there being innumerable rocks, while the open boat fishermen were not thus hindered. There were several hundred boats engaged in trolling, and many of the fishermen made from two to three hundred dollars apiece during the few week's run As a rule the salmon when they enter the Straits keep well out in deep water, but this year was an exception.—Port Townsend Leader.

Miss Alice M. Ball, who taught in our public schools last year, left The Dalles, Ore., last Wednesday for Boston, where she will take an advanced course in music during the coming year, specializing in methods of teaching piano. She will stop enroute and visit her sister, Mrs. Elsie B. Deming, who resides at Madison, Wisconsin.

Rev. M. B. Phillips will preach at both morning and evening services in the First M E. church Sunday. Will also hold service at Lincoln Heights church Sunday afternoon at 4 p. m. Come out and hear our new minister.

A GOOD POSITION

Can be had by ambitious young men and ladies in the field of "Wireless" or Railway telegraphy. Since the 8-hour law became effective, and since the Wireless companies are establishing stations throughout the country there is a great shortage of telegraphers. Positions pay beginners from 70 to $90 per month, with good chance of advancement. The National Telegraph Institute of Portland, Ore., operates six official institutes in America, under supervision of R. R. and Wireless Officials and places all graduates into positions. It will pay you to write them for full details.

Notice of Sheriff's Sale of Real Estate.

Cause No. 2480.

In the Superior Court of the State of Washington for Clallam County.

Marion J. Bell, plaintiff,
vs.
Ole Engvolsen, and Lena Engvolsen, his wife, et al., defendants.

Under and by virtue of Order of Sale issued out and under the seal of the Superior Court of the State of Washington, holding terms at Port Angeles, in and for said county, on the 22nd day of September, A. D. 1910, upon a judgment rendered in said court on the 13th day of April, A. D. 1910, in favor of Marion J. Bell and against Ole Engvolsen, and Lena Engvolsen, his wife, et. al., for the sum of Three Thousand, Eight Hundred and Eighty three Dollars together with attorney's fees, interest, costs and increased costs, and to me directed and deliverd, commanding me to sell the following described property to satisfy said judgment to-wit:

Lots 1, 2, 5, 6, 7, 8 and 9, in Block 289 and Lots 10 to 18, inclusive, in Block 270, all in the townsite of Port Angeles, in Clallam County, State of Washington.

Now therefore, notice is hereby given, that on Saturday, the 22nd day of October, A. D. 1910, at ten o'clock in the forenoon of said day, I will sell the above described property, or so much thereof as may be necessary to satisfy said judgments, together with attorneys fees, interest, costs and increased costs, in all amounting to the sum of Forty One Hundred and 43-100 ($4100.43) Dollars.

Said sale will take place at the front door of the court house at Port Angeles in said county and state, and will be at public auction, for cash in hand to the highest and best bidder.

Dated at Port Angeles, Wash., this 22nd day of September, A. D. 1910.

A. J. COSSER, Sheriff.

First publication September 23, 1910

JAMES STEWART

Attorney at Law

Office on Front Street

Port Angeles, Wash

Estimate of School Expenses and Receipts

School District No. 7, Clallam County. (Required by chapter 138, Session Laws of 1909). Notice is hereby given that the board of directors of School District No. 7, Clallam county, State of Washington, estimate that said school district will need during the school year beginning July 1st, 1910, the amount shown by the itemized statement printed below. This estimate is subject to revision and the board of school directors of the above named district will meet at 3 o'clock p. m., Monday, October 3rd., at Central School Building, for the purpose of giving any taxpayer an opportunity of being "heard in favor or against any tax levies." A more detailed statement of the purposes for which the proposed levy is to be expended is now on file in the office of the clerk of the district and is open to inspection.

ESTIMATE OF EXPENSES

Salary of superintendent	$1500
Salary of attendance officer	100
Salary of clerk or secretary of school district	135
Salaries of 4 principals	2900
Salaries of 2 supervisors	1475
Salaries of 11 teachers	7650
Salaries of 4 janitors	1025
Interest on warrant indebtedness	1500
Sinking fund	2000
Supplies for teachers and pupils	1000
Advertising	25
Operating expenses	200
Incidentals	1000
Buildings and repairs	3000
Total	$23510

ESTIMATE OF RECEIPTS.

State current school fund	6000
County school fund	6000
Sale of bonds	
Miscellaneous	
Total	$12000
Amount to be raised by district tax	$15110

Dated: September 13th, 1910.

S. E. Stakemiller,
Clerk of School District No. 7, Clallam County.

Notice for Publication.

Department of the Interior, U. S. Land Office at Seattle, Wash., Sept. 13, 1910.

Notice is hereby given that Thomas W. Bigger, whose post office address is 42 Scheuerman Block, Seattle, Wash., did, on the 6th day of May, 1910, file in this office Sworn Statement and Application, No 01984, to purchase the south half of the southeast quarter of Section 8, Township 29 N., Range 2 West, Willamette Meridian, and the timber thereon, under the provisions of the act of June 3, 1878, and acts amendatory, known as the "Timber and Stone Law," at such value as might be fixed by appraisement, and that, pursuant to such application, the land and timber thereon have been appraised, the timber estimated 690 M board feet at $1 per M, and the land $100; that said applicant will offer final proof in support of his application and sworn statement on the 26th day of November, 1910, before the Register and Receiver, U. S. Land Office, at Seattle, Washington.

Any person is at liberty to protest this purchase before entry, or initiate a contest at any time before patent issues, by filing a corroborated affidavit in this office, alleging facts which would defeat the entry.

J. HENRY SMITH, Register.

Order to Show Cause.

No. 463.

In the Superior Court of the State of Washington, for Clallam County.

In the Matter of the Estate of Hermann Linde, deceased.

It appearing to the satisfaction of the Court, from the petition presented and filed herein by James Stewart, the administrator of the estate of Hermann Linde, deceased, that it is necessary to sell the whole or some part of the real estate of said decedent to pay the debts of said estate and the expenses of administration.

It is, therefore, ordered by said Court that all persons interested in said estate, appear before said Superior Court on Saturday the 24th day of September, 1910, at the hour of 10 o'clock A. M. of said day, at the court room of said court, in the City of Port Angeles, Clallam County, Washington, to show cause (if any cause they have) why an order should not be granted to said administrator to sell the whole of said real estate or so much thereof as may be necessary to pay the debts of said estate, at private sale, and that a copy of this order be published at least four successive weeks in the Olympic-Leader, a newspaper of general circulation, printed and published in said Clallam county.

Dated August 22, 1910.

[SEAL.]

GEO. VENABLE SMITH
Court Commissioner for Clallam County, Washington.

Mrs. M E. Troy

Instructions in China Decorations and Water Colors and Oil.

Conventional and Naturalistic work a specialty

Orders Executed

Front St. near Johnson & Bork

Notice and Summons by Publication.

In the Superior Court of the State of Washington, for Clallam County.

No. 643.

Hamilton S. Collier, plaintiff, vs. J. Mossman,

and all persons unknown, if any, having or claiming to have an interest in and to the real property hereinafter described, defendants.

The State of Washington to J. Mossman and all persons unknown, if any, having or claiming to have an interest in and to the real property hereinafter described:

You and each of you are hereby notified that Hamilton S. Collier is the holder of Certificate of Delinquency numbered 2779 issued on the 20th day of February, 1907, by the County of Clallam, State of Washington, for the amount of Three and 67-100 Dollars, the same being the amount then due and delinquent for taxes for the years 1906, 1907 and 1908, together with penalty, interest and costs thereon, upon real property assessed to you and of which you are the owner or reputed owner, situated in said county, and particularly bounded and described as follows, to-wit:

The west half of southwest quarter of southeast quarter of northeast quarter of section 15 in township 30 north, range 7 west of Willamette Meridian, and upon which he has paid taxes assessed against said property as follows:

Year's Tax	Date Paid	Amount
1906	Feb 20, 1910	$ .82
1907	" "	1.20
1908	" "	1.15
1909	Aug. 5, 1910	2.00
For Certificate		.50
Total amount of taxes paid since date of certificate of delinquency		$5.67

All of said amounts bearing interest at the rate of fifteen per cent. per annum; and you are further notified that she will apply to the Superior Court of the State of Washington, in and for said county, for a judgment foreclosing her lien against the property hereinbefore mentioned, and you are hereby summoned to appear within sixty days after the date of first publication of this summons, exclusive of the day of said first publication, and defend this action or pay the amount due, together with costs; and in case of your failure to do so, judgment will be rendered foreclosing the lien for said certificate of delinquency, taxes, penalty, interest and costs, against the lands and premises hereinbefore mentioned. Date of first publication August 19, 1910.

Any pleading or process may be served upon the undersigned at the address hereafter mentioned.

HAMILTON S. COLLIER, Plaintiff.
By Geo. Venable Smith,
Plaintiff's attorney.

P. O. Address, Port Angeles, Wash.

Notice for Publication.

Department of the Interior, U. S. Land Office at Seattle, Wash., August 16, 1910.

Notice is hereby given that Fred William Machenheimer, of Sequim, Wash., who, on Oct. 7, 1905, made H. E. 19200, Serial, No. 01162, for the NW¼ of SW¼, Sec 14, and the E½ of the SE¼ of Section 15, Township 29 N., Range 4 West, Willamette Meridian, has filed notice of intention to make Final Five-year Proof to establish claim to the land above described, before James Stewart, U. S. Commissioner, at his office in Port Angeles, Wash., on the third day of October, 1910.

Claimant names as witnesses:

A. R. Walker, of Port Angeles, Wash.
E. R. Walker, of " " "
Jim Craig, of Sequim, Wash.
Charles Machenheimer, of Sequim, Wash

J. HENRY SMITH, Register.

LODGE NOTICES

B.P.O.E.—Naval lodge No. 353, meets every Thursday evening at 8 o'clock at Elks Hall, opposite Office Hotel. Visitors cordially invited.

J. I. Kirchberg, Exalted Ruler.
T. F. Trumbull, Secretary.

I.O.O.F—Clallam Lodge, No. 72, meets every Monday evening at I.O.O.F. hall

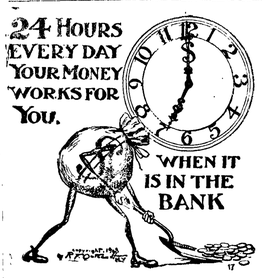
E. R. Wait, N. G.
M. H. Wait, V. G.; Frank Wait, R. S.; H. R. Pardo, F.S.; J. J. MacKechnie, Treasurer.

Modern Woodmen — Port Angeles Camp No. 6043 meets second and Fourth Friday nights in I. O. O. F. hall. Visiting neighbors always welcome.

W. G. Martin, Consul.
C. E. Shields, Clerk.

W. O. W.—Port Angeles Camp, No. 697, meets second and fourth Saturdays of each month in I.O.O.F. Hall.

J. D. McRoberts, Consul Com.
R. A. Martin, Clerk



What is the use of working hard for your money and then foolishly throwing it away? If you put your money in the bank and save it and make your bank account grow, you will have money, and there is no other way to do so. Money is a good friend.

Make OUR bank YOUR bank

Bank of Clallam County

Port Angeles, Washington. Established April, 1895.

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Timber Lands
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No matter How small Your account Is

We will be pleased to transact your business and extend to you the facilities of our bank.

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Established 1890.

Rooms 10 & 10a Aldwell Blk.

See him for

Real Estate
Surety Bonds
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All Information Cheerfully Given

Special care given property of non-residents

Thos. T. Aldwell

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Gasoline, 2 and 4 cycle

Ferro Marine Engine

Gasoline, Benzine, Distillate, Fuel Oil and Cup Grease

J. M. Martin

Oak Street Dock